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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XX.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1891.

NO. 36.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

L. Mulder - Publisher.

Rates of advertising made known on application.

"Groundwater and News" Steam Printing House, River Street, Holland, Mich.

A HOME.

I have some of the finest lots in the city on my list, and will sell them at a great bargain.

ON SMALL AND EASY PAYMENTS.

With the new steamboat line to Milwaukee and the opening of the C. L. King factory a real estate investment will make money.

If you want a Lot, or a Home, call on me and see what I can offer.

Walter C. Walsh.

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891.

IF YOU WILL WRITE TO
J. H. BACHELER, M. D.,
CANCER SPECIALIST, 28 MONROE ST.,
Grand Rapids, Michigan.

He will send you free a Circular, that carefully and fully describes the symptoms of all forms of cancer. The circular also gives the names and post office address of more than 100 persons he has cured of cancer by his plaster treatment. Office hours: 10 to 12; 2 to 4 p. m. Telephone No. 1008. 9-17

J. G. Huizinga, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat.

Office in Meyer & Son's building, one door north of the music store, River street. Office hours: 11 to 12 a. m., 1:30 to 4 p. m., and evenings. Can also be found at his office during the night. Holland, Mich., April 28, 1891. 23-17

Newspapers and Periodicals

Can be obtained at reduced rates of the local agent in this city. Leave your orders for any publication in the U. S. or Canada at the Post Office, with

C. De Keyser.

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891. 15-17

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DEKKER, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, L. J., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office: Post's block, corner Eighth and River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, John Pessink Proprietor. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK, with Savings Department, Capital, \$25,000. L. Cappon, President; L. Marsille, Cashier. Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Groceries and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

ROOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, No. 1008, Groceries and Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

CRANDALL, S. R., dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DE JONGH, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEKETHE, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Groceries in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN ETTEN, S. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats and Boots, etc., etc. River street.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Wheat 94 cents.

How many of our merchants have engaged space in Art Hall?

Nunica village is experiencing a small boom in the line of building.

If the weather is favorable there will no doubt be a large attendance at the fair, next week.

The Coopersville fair was well attended, and the number of entries exceeded that of any previous year.

The enrollment of pupils at the Public Schools of this city, this week, was 940, against 840 during the same week last year.

The Grant monument at Lincoln Park, Chicago, will be dedicated next Wednesday. The C. & W. M. will sell tickets at reduced rates.

Albert Zuidema is building a barn on his place on Twelfth street. He has just purchased a complete outfit, horse, buggy and harness, of J. H. Nibbelink.

Allagan will put down three more oil wells before winter. The quality of the oil appears to be satisfactory, the only question being whether it is there in paying quantities.

While handling a cake of ice, Monday, Dikkepete Brown had the top three-fourths of the first joint of the third finger of his left hand incidentally amputated. He carries that arm at a right angle now.

A Democratic city caucus will be held at 7:30 o'clock this (Friday) evening at the office of I. Fairbanks, to elect delegates to the democratic county convention, as follows: 1st ward 3, 2d ward 3, 3d ward 4, 4th ward 3.

There will be a meeting at the office of I. Fairbanks, on Thursday evening, Oct. 8, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a game and fish protective association. All lovers of the rod and gun and those interested in game and fish protection, are respectfully requested to be present.

Work on the extension of the C. & W. M. from Traverse City to Petoskey is progressing rapidly. The scow with the locomotive and flat cars for the construction train arrived in Charlevoix Monday and was greeted with the ringing of bells, the blowing of whistles and general rejoicing.

It is rumored that unless the C. & W. M. can make satisfactory arrangements with the Milwaukee and Eastern Transit Co., for efficient lake service next year between Milwaukee and Holland, they will build their own steamers this winter and make the lake route a part of the C. & W. M. and D. L. & N. system.

Dirk Pouwels, a retired farmer, residing in Zealand village, met with a fatal accident there, Monday morning. While driving a cow across the railroad track he was struck by the engine of a special train and thrown against a box car, resulting in concussion of the brain, of which he died three hours afterwards. Mr. Pouwels used to reside on his farm north of Black river and moved from there to Zealand, three years ago.

The new heating and ventilating apparatus in the central school is about completed and as far as it has been tested gives promise of eventually proving satisfactory. There appears to be a want of draft in the chimney to carry off the foul air, which it is thought can be remedied by removing the cap on the chimney top. The ventilating fan is powerful enough to drive from five to six thousand cubic feet of air a minute into every room. As to its heating capacity, the sufficiency thereof can only be properly tested during the cold season.

During the storm of Tuesday the steamer Bon Voyage had a narrow escape from going to pieces at St. Joseph. It had left Saugatuck the evening before with a cargo of peaches for Chicago. When the storm struck the boat it was unable to come up against it and was driven on the east shore. An attempt was then made to run into St. Joseph, but the boat went on the bar with terrific force. Its wheel chain parted as it struck and the wheel got away from Capt. Esser, hitting him in the eye, which he will probably lose. For three hours the sea rolled over the steamer, pounding it on the bar and against the pier, against which it had drifted. The life saving crew, with all the help to be had in the town, worked like beavers to save the imperiled boat. Heaving lines were run, and finally the boat was lugged off the bar. It came into the harbor broadside, the waves sweeping it from stem to stern. Had the Bon Voyage not been a new boat it could never have survived.

The Allegan County fair had a total of 2,110 entries.

The survivors of the 21st Mich. Infy will re-unite at Grand Rapids, Oct. 8.

Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Van Landegend lost their three months old baby, Wednesday.

The bicycle parade on the Fair grounds will take place on Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. A. Vennema of Rochester has declined the call of the First Ref. church at Grand Rapids.

A daughter of Thos. Nast, the caricaturist, was married last week in New York to a son of Gen. Fitz John Porter.

J. Thompson drove a well at the Schuurman schoolhouse, Fillmore, last week, 135 feet deep, in which the water rises 110 feet.

The recent kerosene oil explosions in this neighborhood have drawn the attention of the state oil inspector, and the particulars are being inquired into.

Married at the residence of the bride's parents, in Holland town, Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1891, by I. Marsille, Esq., Cornelis Last and Miss Anna Westenbroek.

The C. & W. M. will run a special train for the Grand Rapids races, Thursday, Oct. 8. Leave Holland at 10:00 a. m., and Grand Rapids 7:30 p. m. Rate, one fare.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Konigsberg moved out of their old place on Eighth street, where they had lived some forty years, and now occupy a house on west Eighth street. The vacated premises will be fitted up for a restaurant.

At one o'clock Tuesday evening fire broke out at Grand Haven in the sawdust near the Spring Lake bridge. It spread so rapidly that at one time the lower end of the bridge and underpinning caught fire and were threatened with destruction.

Peter Fisher, a fisherman of Grand Haven, was waylaid by four men Saturday night about 12 o'clock. He was beaten in the face and otherwise injured and he may die. There is no clue to his assailants, and the town authorities can find no trace of them. -G. R. Democrat.

The Fillmore township republican caucus sent the following delegates to the Allegan county rep. convention, held Friday: J. W. Garvelink, H. J. Klompereids, G. Van Tubbergen, G. Witterdink, D. Linters, P. Van Anrooy, H. Tien, H. Meenen, L. Klinker, J. H. Klompereids, G. Van den Berg.

At about two o'clock Wednesday afternoon, and while Mr. Johnson, keeper of the Ottawa County Infirmary, near Eastmanville, was attending with his family the fair at Coopersville, thieves went through the premises and carried off a watch chain, \$18 in money, and several papers valuable only to the owners.

The new method of voting, as set forth in last week's issue of the News, is such an innovation upon the old system, that in several localities arrangements are being made to instruct the voters beforehand. And we have no doubt as to the advisability of similar proceedings in this city and surrounding localities, especially in view of the large number of voters of foreign birth.

Sunday morning the steamer Lizzie Walsh returned from her coasting trip north where she had taken a cargo of fruit, mostly apples. After leaving this port she made the several harbors north of here, crossing the lake at Frankfort to Sturgeon Bay and thence up Green Bay to Escanaba, touching at most of the intermediate ports. In returning they cut across from Keweenaw to Portage Lake and thence home. After towing some logs from points along the shore of Lake Michigan, for J. Van Dyk, the Lizzie will lay up for the season.

The first of the regular monthly meetings of the South Ottawa Teachers' Association will be held at Zealand, Saturday, Oct. 10, opening at 10 o'clock a. m. The program is as follows:

1. Music.
2. Prayer.
3. Music.
4. Address of Welcome to all new Teachers in South Ottawa—Miss Josephine Cook.
5. Miscellaneous Business.
6. Paper—Pennmanship in District Schools.—Mr. Casper Labuis.
7. Discussion Opened.—Benj. De Vries.
8. Music.
9. Paper—Kindergarten work in District Schools.—Miss Mabel Rose.
10. Discussion Opened.—Miss Rika Te Roller.
11. Recitation.—Miss Anna M. Benjamin.
12. General discussion.

Bicycle lantern parade on the streets, Friday, Oct. 9th, 7:30.

Remember the Republican city caucus this (Friday) evening. See call.

Bicycle drill next Tuesday evening, 7:15 o'clock. Let every wheel turn out.

The repairing of the streets in this city, this summer, is being well attended to.

Street commissioner M. De Feyter, late of the 25th Mich. Infy., has been awarded a pension.

If you wish to appear agreeable in society you must consent to be taught many things which you know already.

The copious shower we enjoyed here Monday evening did not extend very far north of us. At Port Sheldon it barely sprinkled.

Religious services will be held in the German Lutheran church this (Friday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, by Rev. A. E. Rudolph, of Montague.

One day last week 67 loaded freight cars passed over the Bay View spur of the C. & W. M. The volume of business over and along this new track is immense.

The general admission to the great horse race at Grand Rapids, between Nelson and Allerton, will be \$1.00; to the main stand \$1.00 extra; and to the temporary stand 50 cents extra.

Within the next ten days congressional conventions for the Fifth District will be held as follows: People's, Monday, Oct. 5; Democratic, Thursday, Oct. 8; Prohibition, Saturday, Oct. 10; Republican, Monday, Oct. 12.

Henderson, the River street clothier, has a new way of drawing customers, which no doubt will have a telling effect. With every purchase of ten dollars' worth he gives a bonus of two dollars. For further particulars see adv.

Lubbe Bos fell from a wagon loaded with brick at Veneklasen's brick yard, Monday evening. A wheel passed over his arm, causing a serious fracture, and it was thought at one time that the arm would have to be amputated.

Luman Jenison has won his suit against McDonnell, his partner in the railroad gate factory. This will doubtless result in a sale of the property, when Mr. Jenison will buy it in, reorganise the concern, and start the factory anew.

List of letters advertised for the week ending Oct. 1st, 1891, at the Holland City Post Office: Miss Minnie Baker, Mr. George C. Danforth, Mr. John S. Hatch, Mary Hollman, Mr. J. W. Jennings, Mr. Brose Mason, Miss Ada Standard. G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.

Will Breyman has succeeded in having a first-class entertainment in this city during Fair week. The (new) Boy Tramp Company will play in Lyceum Opera House Wednesday evening, coming here direct from Redmond's, Grand Rapids. Four years ago the troupe were here and gave the best of satisfaction.

The Holland Martial Band will be heard of during Fair week, in more than one way. It is their intention to have a large and commodious booth on the grounds, for the sale of luncheons and refreshments. Their music and parade will no doubt be pleasing to the visitors, and a liberal patronage, by the way of reciprocity, will be the right thing, and duly appreciated by the boys. This organization is worthy of every encouragement and support.

The stockholders of the Ottawa County Building and Loan Association held a special meeting Tuesday evening, pursuant to call, to consider what purported to be charges of official misconduct, brought by J. D. Whetmore one of the stockholders against A. M. Kanter one of the directors, and indirectly involving also the secretary, H. D. Martin. After a very entertaining pickwicking trial the association by an unanimous vote acquitted the respondents and passed a vote of confidence in the board of directors.

As the season of navigation is drawing to a close Captain Pfanshiel is again enlisting himself in behalf of his railroad scheme, being a line from Grand Rapids to Holland, via the projected M. & O. route, or the so-called Jenison roadbed, branching off somewhere in Robinson to this city. This enterprise was being strongly agitated by him about a year and a half ago, but was side-tracked at the time by the projected G. R. C. & St. L. R. R., and is once more revived by its original projector, who is as enthusiastic on the subject as ever. It is claimed that the Grand Trunk R. R. company is taking a decided interest in the enterprise, and that some favorable developments may be looked for at an early date.

INT. MICHIGAN STATE NEWS

OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cathcart, cor. Pine and Fifteenth streets, Oct. 1, a daughter.

Rev. J. M. Lumkes of Grand Rapids has been called to the Ref. church at Graafschap.

Geo. P. Hummer is building a fine residence on Twelfth street, west of tannery creek.

John E. Benjamin is disposing of a job lot of stationery. To his personal friends he offers great bargains.

There will be services in Grace church, at the usual hours, every Sunday evening until further notice.

At a congregational meeting of the North Holland Ref. church, Thursday, a call was extended to Rev. A. Stegeman, of Harrison, Dak.

Some 200 citizens of Decatur gave the Rev. Henry Geerlings and bride a pleasant welcome last week on the return home from their wedding trip.

The smoke of the forest fires hung so dense and low along the east shore of Lake Michigan, that at Grand Haven they were forced to continually sound the fog signal.

The Republicans of Holland town, at their caucus Friday afternoon, sent the following as delegates to the county convention: W. Diekema, A. Vischer, J. Kerkhof, I. Marsille, G. J. Boone, A. Van der Haar, B. Van Raalte, J. G. Witteveen, G. Roeks.

The special committee on sewerage have held one or two meetings, and organized by appointing Ald. Hummel chairman and W. H. Beach secretary. It was decided to engage county surveyor Peck to take levels and make a topographical survey of the city.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. Rev. E. Bos is still in a precarious condition.

Mrs. W. C. Walsh visited friends at Saugatuck, last week.

Rev. A. Zwemer of Spring Lake was in the city, Wednesday.

R. Kanter, publisher of De Hope is on a week's visit to Chicago.

Rev. J. A. De Spelder, of Orange City, Ia., is visiting in the city.

Dr. O. E. Yates passed Thursday and Friday at Wayland and Allegan.

Dr. S. E. Morgan of Saginaw intends to locate in this city at an early date.

Dr. G. H. Veldhuis of St. Ignace, Mich., formerly of this city, visited here this week.

Miss Minnie Sprick of Grand Haven is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. B. J. De Vries.

Miss Kittie Doesburg is making an extended visit with her brother and friends in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Benjamin of Hamilton Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Benjamin in this city.

Claud and Irwin Rogers, sons of W. H. Rogers, of Sioux City, Ia., were among our visitors, last week.

Mrs. F. G. Churchill will move to Lansing, the latter part of the week. Miss Kate Meeuwse will accompany her.

A. Houtkamp and wife of Milwaukee, accompanied by J. Nies and wife of Saugatuck, spent Saturday in the city.

M. Jonkman returned Friday morning from a business trip to Chicago, where he has been laying in additional stock.

Prof. J. B. Nykerk left for Roseland, Ill., Monday evening, to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. D. P. De Jong.

D. B. Riley, with Wm. Weed & Co., of the Douglas basket factory, was in the city Thursday, on steamboat business.

J. A. Roost attended the meeting of the congressional committee of the Peoples' Party, at Grand Rapids, Tuesday evening.

Mrs. J. J. Van Zanten, of Grand Haven, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Van der Veen of this city, has been dangerously ill, but at this writing there is hope for her recovery.

John D. Kanter will move into the house vacated by Mrs. Churchill, on Seventh street, and Al. Meyer intends to again occupy his own residence on Ninth street, when vacated by Mr. K.

John P. Oggel has moved into the house vacated by Prof. Gillespie. The latter has rented the residence of Mrs. Gilmore, and she has taken rooms with her sister, Mrs. Prof. Kleinheksel.

Mrs. A. King gave a farewell party to her friends, Tuesday evening, before moving to Traverse City. The latter presented her with half a dozen fine dining room chairs. The King family will be greatly missed in the happy circle in which they moved, and their many friends are loth to see them leave.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Correspondence.

L. MULDER, Publisher.

Holland, Mich.

The American Public Schools.

The un-American tendencies of the parochial schools here and there established throughout the country, are well known, as is also their marked inefficiency in imparting necessary and practical knowledge to the children who attend them, with the view of preparing them for a thorough American citizenship.

The recent Democratic victory in Wisconsin, was in reality a triumph of these parochial schools of foreign importation over the American Public Schools, and it is doubtful whether this could have been accomplished in any other state except Wisconsin, where so large a portion of the population is of foreign extraction and still under the direct control of church influences.

It is with pleasure therefore that we noticed the other day an event in one of the north-western states indicating among a similar population a sentiment opposite from what was expressed in Wisconsin last fall. The scene is laid in a town in Minnesota, Faribault, where the authorities of the Catholic church have acknowledged that the public schools of this country are so far superior to the parochial schools that there is no excuse for the existence of the latter. The result of this action has been that Rev. James J. Conry, who has had exclusive control of the Catholic schools of Faribault, has voluntarily placed them under the management of the Board of Education. In view of the fact that much has been written of late regarding the growth of the Catholic parochial schools in the Northwest, this action has a special significance.

The public schools of Faribault are among the best in that part of the country, and their superiority was so conspicuous that Rev. Mr. Conry was compelled to recognize the fact. With unexpected frankness this Catholic priest entered into negotiations with the Board of Education with the view of transferring the Catholic schools to the control of this body. The Board of Education had not expected a proposition of this kind and asked that it be stated in writing. Rev. Mr. Conry complied and wrote the following letter, which speaks for itself:

FARIBAULT, Aug. 26, 1891.
To the Board of Education of the City of Faribault.

GENTLEMEN—I have been informed by a member of your board that you wished me to state definitely and in writing the proposition I submitted to you on the evening of the 22d inst., and to which you gave courteous attention. As an American interested in obtaining for the future citizens of the republic the greatest advantages consistent with the common good, I beg leave to comply with your request, and again submit (this time in writing) the proposition submitted on the evening of August 22, 1891, repeating, with your permission, a few of the reasons at that time submitted therefor, viz.: That the children at present enrolled in the schools of the parish may receive the benefits that result from an American training in all that the term implies.

That these children may thus receive in their civic training a perfect preparation for the duties and responsibilities of American citizenship, thereby enhancing the renown of this city among its sister cities of the Commonwealth as a great educational center; and that our custodians of the public schools may receive from state and county appropriations that additional per capita tax which the Commonwealth wishes them to receive and which at present they fail to receive because of the maintenance of separate schools.

Whereupon subjoin the proposition: In consideration of one dollar I agree to place under the management and control of the Board of Education of the city of Faribault, the school building, and all its equipments, at present known as the parish school of the Immaculate Conception Church, with the grounds upon which the school building is located, the same to be used by said board for educational purposes under such conditions as that board may determine to be for the best interests of all concerned.

Confidently trusting the matter, gentlemen, to your discretion and judgment, I remain,
Respectfully yours,
JAMES J. CONRY.

The proposition was carefully discussed in several meetings of the Board of Education and was unanimously adopted. As a result the building of the parochial school of the Immaculate Conception were thrown open to children of all creeds on August 31. There is now no parochial school in Faribault.

Faribault, one of the prettiest towns of the Northwest, has a population of

from seven thousand to eight thousand inhabitants. In the promiscuous population of Scandinavians, Germans, French-Canadians and Bohemians, there are many Catholics. There are three Catholic churches for the French, Germans and Irish respectively.

Rev. Mr. Conry, who has charge of the Irish and American Catholic Church, is intensely American in his ideals and sympathies. It is believed that his action in surrendering the parochial school to the Board of Education has the sanction of his associate priests. This move will compel children of all nationalities to attend the non-sectarian public schools and not as parochial school children.

The public school exercises will continue to be opened by the reading of the Scripture and the recitation of the Lord's Prayer. Rev. Mr. Conry has made no objection to this practice. He is on record as saying that he regards the American public schools as the true nurseries of loyal and broad American citizenship. He does not believe that the public school will make Catholic children irreligious, and wishes to secure for them the normal and healthful American influences that cannot be had in the narrow and bigoted parochial school.

The people of this town believe that Rev. Mr. Conry's step will be followed by many others in the same direction. This priest recently came here from St. Paul where he was in direct contact with Archbishop Ireland and closely under his influence. It is generally thought that the abolishment of the parochial school in Faribault has the sanction of this progressive prelate, who is known to be hostile to the foreignizing tendencies of the German, French, Polish and Bohemian parochial schools, so thickly scattered through the Northwest. Archbishop Ireland is a believer in the public schools, and is not only responsible for the action taken in Faribault, but will order the same step in many others.

The New Game and Fish Laws.

The new game and fish law went into effect October 1st, and it is well that all should be informed of its provisions.

Deer may be killed in the lower peninsula "from the 5th day of November to the 25th day of November." In the upper peninsula "between the 25th day of September and the 25th day of October." Deer must not be taken or killed in the water, or by trap or pitfall, or by artificial light (commonly called "shining") or by the use of dogs. Any person may kill a dog following a deer or deer tracks.

Wild Turkey—Open season November 1st to December 15th inclusive.

Partridge—Open season from November 1st to December 15th inclusive in the lower peninsula, and October 1st to January 1st inclusive in the upper peninsula.

Quail—Open season, November 1st to December 15th inclusive.

Woodcock—Must only be killed from September 1st to December 15th.

Water Fowl—Jack-snipe, read-headed, blue-bill canvass back, widgeon and pin-tail ducks and wild geese may be killed between September 1st and May 1st. Other wild water fowl and snipe between September 1st and January 1st.

Prairie Chicken—Not to be killed until September 1st, 1894.

Speckled Trout and Grayland may be caught with hook and line only, and from May 1st to September 1st. Trout, grayling and salmon, less than six inches in length, must be put back in the water. Brook trout and grayling must not be caught or shipped for sale.

Inland Lakes—After October 1st, 1891, nothing but hook and line can be used in any inland lake. Even set lines or night lines are prohibited, and to be found on a lake with spear, jack, net, set lines, artificial light, explosives, dynamite, etc., is *prima facie* evidence of guilt.

Spearfishing—In streams where there is no local act to the contrary, redsides, grass pike, mullet and suckers may be taken with a dip net or spear at any time, and other fish with the exception of bass, trout, salmon and graylings may be speared any time except during March, April and May and June.

Fish Nets—With the exception of dip nets, as above stated, no nets of any kind can be used except in the great lakes, the bays and harbors, connected with said lakes and the St. Mary's, Saginaw, St. Clair and Detroit rivers.

No song birds may be killed at any time and no American Eagles. Many song birds are killed by the urchins,

who are ostensibly hunting only for sparrows, just as many a game fish is killed while looking for redskins.

On Bois Blanc Island, near the Straits of Mackinaw, the deer are entirely protected by law until Nov. 1, 1899.

It should be remembered also that there are local laws in several counties, authorized by the legislature, in regard to taking fish and game, which all sportsmen are bound to respect. The state game and fish warden appoints three deputy wardens in each county, who are charged with the enforcement of the law.

Those Pills.

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—For four years I have been troubled with rheumatism and have experimented with different medicines off and on, but without relief. This winter I was persuaded to try Dr. F. J. Schouten's Anti-rheumatic Pills. Two boxes were sufficient to cure me.

P. WINTER.

Holland, Mich.

Buy your fine shoes at J. D. Helder, and get your money's worth.

All kinds of metal plate work done at the Central Dental Parlors. Call and see samples.

Peculiar.

Whoever heard of a medicine that a druggist will let you take two or three doses of without charge, because there is just as much left after you and others have sampled it? Whoever heard of a medicine that will last one person a year or more, but which costs but 50c.—1,000 treatments for 50c? Whoever heard of a medicine that is pleasant to take, can be carried in the pocket, and will give relief in five minutes? These "peculiarities" and many more are true of Cushman's Menthol Inhaler, which is endorsed by the leading physicians of the world for curing Headache, Neuralgia, Cold, Catarrh, Sore throat, Asthma and Bronchitis. Prove the truth of these statements by a free trial at H. Walsh's drug store.

Since the recent discovery of the antiseptic properties of Menthol, no more important application of it has been made than in Cushman's Menthol Balm. It relieves pain like magic. For curing cuts, bruises, burns, chapped hands, sores, ulcers, salt rheum and all skin diseases, and as an ointment for household use it is the best. Get a 5c box free at H. Walsh's drug store. Large size 25c.

"Best on Earth" shoes at

J. D. HELDER.

Money can be earned in spare time by good reliable men and women as local agents for the warranted fruits, flowers and trees of J. E. Whitney, Rochester, N. Y. Yearly salary is paid for steady work and a permanent honorable business is quickly built up. 30-4m.

Read This:

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—About three months ago I bought a box of your anti-rheumatic pills and after using one half of them I find myself in perfect health. Last year I went to Mt. Clemens, Mich., and although I obtained relief there, it did not cure me. At the urgent desire of some of my friends I tried your anti-rheumatic pills with the above happy result. I deem them the best I have used and I have tried nearly everything.

Respectfully Yours,

WILL BREYMAN.

Holland, Mich.

HELPER STOVES
A great variety of Stoves and Ranges are made under the name of "Helper." They have all the latest improvements, and are made of SUPERIOR IRON. Special attention is called to 100 Styles & Sizes of STEEL RANGES, similar to those used by the Best Hotels, but arranged specially for family use, for coal or wood. Many styles and sizes of cast-iron Stoves and Ranges for all kinds of fuel. Base Burning Heaters for hard coal, etc. Ask your dealer for Helper Stoves, Ranges and Heaters, or write for free illustrated circular to CHICAGO & ERIE STOVE CO., CHICAGO, ILL., or ERIE, PA.

Grand Palace Hotel.
81 to 103 N. Clark Street, CHICAGO.
Only four minutes from the Court House; cable cars pass the door.
New house with all Modern Improvements; newly finished. On American and European plans. Rooms \$3.00 weekly transient 50 cents and upward. Turkish Baths for ladies and gentlemen, 50 cents. Restaurant by Fred. Compagnon, late chef Chicago and Union League clubs. Table d'Hôte served.
Cut this out for future use. 25 ly

Boots AND Shoes

and
RUBBER GOODS

FALL AND WINTER

I keep constantly on hand the elegant
Moore and Shafer's Shoes,
which are not equalled in the market.

BARGAINS;
J. D. Helder.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10th, 1890. 45-1y

Abstracts of Titles!

Having purchased of JACOB BAAR
"The Old Reliable"
and
Only Set of Abstract Books

of Ottawa County. I am now prepared to furnish Abstracts to all.

Lands and Platted Tracts

In the County, on short notice.

MONEY SAVED

by obtaining Abstracts before loaning money on purchasing Real Estate.

Address all orders to

Geo. D. Turner,
Grand Haven, Mich.

The Leader of them All.



AMERICAN RAMBLER BICYCLE.
Manufactured by
The Gormully & Jeffery Mfg Company,
Chicago, Ill.

I also have the sale of other bicycles ranging in price from \$25.00 upwards. Catalogues furnished on application.

JOHN J. CAPPON,
Holland, Mich.

The Season of 1891!

Notier & Verschure

A hoi ce Selection

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps, Groceries,
Provisions,
CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHING, ETC.

Creamery Butter

constantly on hand.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

always acceptable and the highest market prices paid.

Remember the Place:

Eighth St., Holland, Mich.

CUSTOM MILL

H. H. KARSTEN

ZEELAND, MICH.

Cash paid for Wheat, Rye, Buckwheat, Barley, etc.

Custom work solicited. Special attention paid to the grinding of Buckwheat and Rye, and the hulling of Pearl Barley. Feed always on hand. Mill near the R. R. depot, Zeeland, Mich. 30-1y.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage, dated on the seventh day of December, A. D. 1888, and executed and acknowledged on the fourth day of December, A. D. 1888, by Henry Visser, of the City of Holland, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, to James Huntley, of the township of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, and recorded on the eighteenth day of December A. D. 1888, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber thirty seven of mortgages, on page one hundred and twenty nine, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice six hundred and fifty-two dollars and thirty-two cents; and inasmuch as the said mortgage has been instituted at law and in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part of it, and the whole of the principal sum of said mortgage together with all arrears of interest thereon having become due and payable by reason of the default in payment of interest on said mortgage on the day when the same became due and payable, and the failure to pay said interest in default for more than thirty days after the same became due and payable, whereupon under the conditions of said mortgage the whole amount of the principal sum of said mortgage with all arrears of interest thereon became due and payable immediately thereafter: Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute in such case made and provided said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue to the highest bidder, of the mortgaged premises, and of so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with interest at eight per cent per annum, costs of foreclosure and sale together with an attorney's fee provided for by statute, said sale to take place at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, that being the place where the Court for Ottawa County, Michigan, is held, on the TWENTY SIXTH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1891, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day. The said mortgaged premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated lying and being in the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit: All that part of Lot one (1), in Block Forty seven (47), which is bounded on the east, south, and west sides by the east, south, and west lines of said Lot; and bounded on the north side by a line running from the east to the west line of said Lot parallel with and thirty-two (32) feet north from the south line of said Lot, being the south thirty-two (32) feet of said Lot one, according to the record plat of the village (now city) of Holland, of record in the office of the register of deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan.
Dated, July 24, 1891.
JAMES HUNTLEY, Mortgagee.
P. H. McBRIDE, Atty for Mortgagee. 35-1y

Drs. Starkey Palen's TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

1529 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment, that of Drs. Starkey & Palen, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnetized; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

It has been in use for more than twenty years; thousands of patients have been treated and one thousand physicians have used it, and recommended it, a very significant fact.

The great success of our treatment has given rise to a host of imitations, unscrupulous persons; some calling their preparations compound oxygen, often appropriating our testimonials and the names of our patients, to recommend worthless concoctions. But any substance made elsewhere or by others and called Compound Oxygen, is spurious.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode, Action and Result," is the title of a new book of 800 pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent, and a record of surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application.

Drs. Starkey & Palen.

1529 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA. 120 NUTTER ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Please mention this Paper. 12 Cm

H. Wykhuyzen Jeweler,

Zeeland, Mich.

Choice Assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches, and Clocks.

Jewelry! Jewelry!

Special attention is called to the Low Prices at which I offer my Goods to the Public.

Repairing

promptly and satisfactorily attended to at reasonable charges.

Store, next to De Kruij's Drug Store.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

Zeeland, Mich., March 16th, 1891. 8-1y

THE BOOK TRUST KNOCKED OUT

A Card To The Public.

Some six months ago we began the publication of our reprint of the famous Encyclopedia Britannica in 25 Volumes, which we issued at \$1.50 per volume. The price of the English edition always has been and still is \$8.00 per volume, and the Scribner edition \$5.00 per volume in the cheapest binding.

That the public appreciate so great a bargain is shown by the fact that over half a million volumes of this reprint have been sold in less than six months.

This elegant new edition we still offer at the same price, \$1.50 per volume. This is the greatest bargain ever known in books.

Better still, we will deliver the set complete on small easy payments, to suit the convenience of customers.

Remember this is not an abridgement, but the great Edinburgh ninth edition, reproduced page for page, with important articles on American subjects rewritten to date by eminent American authors, and new maps, later and better than in any other edition.

We further announce that we have in preparation three volumes of "American Additions and Revisions," thoroughly supplementing the original work. With these supplemental volumes you will have at small cost an Encyclopedia unapproachable in completeness; a thorough "digest" of the libraries of the world, and a complete record of current progress and events.

SPECIAL OFFER.—We claim that our reprint compares favorably with the high priced editions in every respect, and in respect to maps, and strength and beauty of bindings is superior to them. In order that this claim may be tested by a personal inspection we make the following proposition: We will furnish volume I. at 60 cts.—a fraction of actual cost—if sent by express. Add 40 cts. postage if wanted by mail. Amount paid for Volume I. will be credited on price of set when ordered.

R. S. PEALE & CO.,
315-321 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.
8-1y

De Kraker & De Koster,

Dealers in

FRESH, SALT, AND SMOKED

MEATS.

Parties desiring

Choice Steaks and Roasts

Are especially invited to call.

Market on River Street

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 5, 1890.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS. Made in Holland. Colors never fade. Wash Out No Fade. Sold by Druggists. Also Peerless Bronze Paints—6 colors. Peerless Laundry Blueing. Peerless Ink Powders—6 colors. Peerless Shoe & Harness Dressing. Peerless Egg Dyes—6 colors.

A House for Sale!

or
To Rent!

Inquire at the office of

Scott & Schuurman,

Phoenix & Planing & Mill.

Holland, Mich., April 7th, 1891. 11-1y

CITY Beer Bottling Works.

I have this day leased the Beer Bottling Apparatus, Cases, Bottles and Ice Cellar of E. F. Sutton, for the term of one year and will bottle

Holland, Toledo and Export Lager.

Delivered within the city limits free of charge. All orders sent by mail or left at Union Sample rooms and at Bottling Works will be promptly filled.

PRICES:

1 dozen quarts. \$1.00
1 " pints. 50
1 " Exports quarts. 1.20

C. J. RICHARDSON.

Holland, April 17, 1891. 11-1y

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage executed by Dirk de Vries and Janette de Vries, his wife, of the city of Holland, County of Ottawa, Michigan, to James L. Edson trustee for the firm of Edson, Moore and Co. of the City of Detroit, County of Wayne and State of Michigan, dated December seventeenth A. D. 1887, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on December nineteenth A. D. 1887, in Liber 16 of mortgages on page 459, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Hundred and Thirty-two Dollars, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the same, or any part thereof, Notice is, therefore, hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, to pay the amount due on said mortgage, together with interest and legal costs of foreclosure and sale. Said sale to take place at the front door of the Ottawa County Court house at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the FIFTH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1891, at one o'clock afternoon of said day. The mortgaged premises to be sold being Lots two (2) and Three (3) in Block Seven (7) in the City of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, according to the record plat thereof.
Dated July 8th, A. D. 1891.
JAMES L. EDSON, Trustee for the firm of Edson, Moore and Co.
J. C. POST, Attorney for Mortgagee. 24-13w

The Old! The Reliable! The Best.

AT
J. W. BOSMAN,

Eighth Street.

Merchant Tailoring, Ready Made Clothing, Gents Furnishing & Hats & Caps.

Call and see the splendid assortment, the latest styles, the best selections.

Holland, Mich., 22, '91. 17-1y

NEW!

A New Meat Market

AT THE

Old Stand

Having disposed of my Business in the First Ward, I am now located on

River Street.

My Friends will find me at the Market

recently vacated by Mr. J. Menwisen,

with

CHOICE MEATS.

Carefully selected and suited to each season of the year.

P. Kleis.
Holland, Mich., Feb. 3, 1891.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WESTERN SUGAR WORKS

THEY WILL TURN OUT 27,000,000 POUNDS.

How They Deal with Usurious Money-Lenders in China—A Terrible Deathbed Confession—Bloody Revolt in the Republic of Guatemala—The Ball Clubs.

Got Second Place and Died.

Marion Gadd took the second prize at an oratorical contest at Lincoln, Neb., last night. He was the only contestant from Holland City. Young Gadd was deeply in love with the daughter of one of the wealthiest citizens of Lincoln and she promised to marry him in case he won the first prize in the oratorical contest, otherwise she would have nothing to do with him. He accepted the proposition with the above sad result.

WESTERN SUGAR FACTORIES.

Kansas, Nebraska, Utah, and California Expect to Make 27,000,000 Pounds.

From statistics on file in the Government Laboratory in Fort Scott, Kas., there has been manufactured at the sorghum sugar works at Medicine Lodge, Topeka, and Fort Scott during the month of September 500,000 pounds of sugar entitled to the bounty of 2 cents per pound awarded by the General Government. From accurate estimates it is ascertained that the output of the State of Kansas will slightly exceed 3,000,000 pounds. The beet-sugar output in Nebraska will double that of the sorghum-sugar output of Kansas. The factory at Norfolk, Neb., as well as that at Grand Island will make this season 6,000,000 pounds of sugar graded at 99 percent sucrose. All beet sugar is refined in the process of manufacture and is as fine as the best granulated sugar. At Lehigh, Utah, where a beet-sugar factory is in active operation, it is estimated the yield will reach 7,000,000 pounds. It is now confidently believed by the officials that the output of sorghum sugar in Kansas and beet sugar in Nebraska, Utah, and California will reach fully 27,000,000 pounds the present season.

NEARLY TWO SCORE BEHEADED.

Terrible Tragedy in North China, Caused by a Money-Lender.

A letter from Shanghai gives the details of a tragic and sensational occurrence in a northern province of China. A native known as a Shensi man, one of the Jews of China, had for years conducted a sort of banking-house at Hupoo. He had accumulated an immense fortune, making large sums of money by lending money at usurious rates. Unfortunately for him, at the wrong time he pressed his creditors, who were all Mohammedans, with too much severity. They held a mass-meeting and threatened him. This had no effect, and finally a few weeks since they armed themselves, seized the usurious Jew, and put him to death in a most brutal manner. Along with him the mob killed and butchered no less than thirty-eight Chinese who were followers and friends of the Shensi man. The heads of the victims were afterward placed on bamboo poles and exposed to view.

WAS A TRIPLE MURDERER.

Terrible Deathbed Confession of John Glick at Shamokin.

Just before his death, John Glick, of Shamokin, Pa., made a confession in which he said that seven years ago, while working at Sunbury, he and Charles Ward murdered Oscar Olack. When asked next day about Oscar's absence they said he had left for his home in Poland. Richard, a brother of Oscar, suspecting foul play, instituted a searching investigation, and fearful of being discovered the assassins fled from the country and killed him. Soon after the pair went to Shamokin and worked in the mines. A peddler stopped at their home one night for shelter, and mentioned that he had \$150. He was shot dead and robbed.

LOST AT SEA.

Only One of the Crew of Five of the Schooner Blossom Saved.

The schooner Blossom struck Gull Island, off Newfoundland, in a heavy gale. There were five men on board. One of them jumped into the water and clung to a cliff against which he was dashed. He passed a terrible night in a fierce struggle for life. The agonizing cries of those who held to the wreck, he says, are still ringing in his ears, but he could do nothing, and they were dashed into the sea and drowned. The schooner Neva reports at Halifax that she passed the hull of a water-logged schooner, supposed to be the schooner Maurice Wilson, that was abandoned. How the crew fared is a mystery.

ON THE DIAMOND.

How the Clubs Engaged in the National Game Stand.

Following is a showing of the standing of each of the teams of the different associations:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
W. L.	W.	L.	Pc.
Chicago.....	52	40	56.2
Boston.....	43	59	42.1
New York.....	37	65	36.2
Philadelphia.....	35	67	34.2
Pittsburgh.....	34	68	33.4
Cincinnati.....	32	70	31.5

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.			
W. L.	W.	L.	Pc.
Boston.....	59	31	65.5
St. Louis.....	51	39	56.5
Baltimore.....	43	47	47.8
Philadelphia.....	38	52	42.2
Washington.....	37	53	41.0

ANOTHER UPROAR.

Bloody Revolt Started in the Republic of Guatemala.

Guatemala is in the midst of a bloody revolution, fighting has been in progress at Guatemala City for several days, and hundreds on both sides have been killed and wounded. Barillas is said to have declared himself dictator and to have secured the assassination of Gen. Sanchez. The trouble arose over the appointment of Barillas of orators for the celebration of national independence.

A Fair Horse Thief.

Jennie Sadler was arrested near Valley Mills, Texas, with two stolen horses in her possession. She is dressed in male attire and looks like a cowboy of 18 years. She admits she was to turn her horses over to some men who were to meet her, but she refused to give their names.

Headed by Russell.

Massachusetts Democrats, in convention at Worcester, have again chosen Gov. Russell as their nominee. They declared in favor of the equality of gold and silver, and honest civil service.

A CITY WITHOUT A SINGLE HOUSE.

Four Thousand People at Chandler, O. T., but Not a Roof.

Chandler, O. T., is a city of 4,000 people located in the dense undergrowth of scrub oak, without buildings, without water, and fifty miles away from the railway. No one pretends to understand the cause of the rush to Chandler, as it will in six months be but a village of 300 or 400 inhabitants. Groceries have been opened in wagons and hardware and furniture stores are exposed in wagons, with no purchasers. An enterprising woman exhibits a stock of millinery, although there are but seven or eight women in the town. Water peddlers are plenty and are the only ones making honest money. A Wichita man has a sign on the branches of a tree reading, "Salvation Is Free." There are already four hotels, but no roof. The "Bon Ton" is a scrub oak tree where each guest spreads his own blanket, the culinary department comprising a coffee pot and two frying pans; no dishes, no napkins; meals, \$1; beds, 50 cents. Bill of fare: Fried pork, coffee, and crackers. Another hotel is a wagon-cover spread over poles and bedding of brush, for which \$1 is charged. The outgoing trains are now carrying away disappointed homeseekers, who declare the opening the greatest fraud of the year, but they all say they will be on hand when the Cherokee strip is opened.

MAY BRING THEIR OWN HELP.

Foreign Nations Will Experience No Difficulty with the Contract Labor Law.

Assistant Secretary Nettleton, of the Treasury Department, has sent the following letter to Alexander D. Anderson, Special Commissioner of the World's Columbian Exposition, stationed in New York City:

In your recent communication addressed to the chief clerk of this department, you ask on behalf of the Consul General of Great Britain for a copy of the regulations of this department in regard to contract labor to be employed in connection with foreign exhibits at the approaching exposition. While no formal regulations have been promulgated by the department in this connection, you are authorized to assure the Consul General of Great Britain and all others with whom you have occasion to communicate in this connection that, alien laborers, mechanics or experts in the employ of foreign exhibitors and coming to the United States in connection with foreign exhibits at the World's Columbian Exposition will be freely admitted and will be subjected to no delay or hindrance of any nature. Whatever regulations shall prove to be necessary in order to carry out this decision of the department will be formulated in due season and furnished to all interested parties through the proper channels.

A MINNEAPOLIS FESTIVAL.

Over a Thousand Floats in the Grand Harvest Parade.

The harvest festival at Minneapolis had an ideal fall day for its celebration. The buildings were covered in bunting, and many of them were buried with sheaves of wheat bound in fantastic forms. Arches of wheat spanned many of the streets. On Tenth street thousands of four barrels formed the base of the display. On top of these stood a sheaf of wheat, while stacks of grain were placed upon the supporting barrels. There were sixty of these pillars along the street. From pillar to pillar was suspended a festoon of white cloth, while similar festoons intersected the streets, and others were strung from pillar to pillar across the street. The procession contained over one thousand floats. The lumbermen had an immense affair showing their trade in all its processes, from the loggers at work in the forest to the sawmill which cuts the lumber in operation on the float.

LOST IN BIG HORN CANYON.

Railroad Surveyors Start Into the Gorge and Are Never Seen Afterward.

Information has been received at Salt Lake City that several members of the Burlington and Missouri River surveying party, which has been running lines through the Stinking Water country in the Big Horn basin, between Buffalo and Yellowstone Park, separated from the main body and undertook the perilous enterprise of running a line through the Big Horn Canyon. This was nearly two months ago. Nothing has been heard from them since, and the other members of the party have almost abandoned all hopes of ever seeing them again. Except in winter, when the river is frozen over, there is not any instance on record of any one traveling through this terrible rent in the mountains and coming out alive.

WRECK ON THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Two Men and Sixteen Cars of Cattle Burned to Death.

A terrible accident happened on the Northern Pacific Road on a grade near Buffalo, N. D., which resulted in Engineer J. C. Curtis and Fireman W. E. Dodge being burned to death and two other persons being seriously burned, together with sixteen cars loaded with cattle. A car loaded with oil was accidentally shifted from the side track through a split switch onto the main track, and down the steep grade it had gained a velocity of thirty miles an hour, when it came in contact with a stock train. The oil took fire and exploded. Burning oil was scattered fifty yards or more in all directions. The clothing of the men was saturated with oil and was entirely consumed.

HIS COSTLY MASQUERADE.

A Californian Fined Heavily for Impersonating a Negro Woman.

Edward J. Livenash, a country journalist, who claims to be the proprietor of the Livermore (Cal.) Herald, was arrested in San Francisco while masquerading as the streets in the garb of a negro wench. He carried with him a small satchel, which when searched at the city prison was found to contain a bunch of keys and two bottles, one containing chloroform and the other prussic acid. He was charged with wearing female attire and his bail placed at \$500. Livenash claimed that the whole thing was a practical joke. He had dressed in woman's garb and blacked his face with cork, intending to present himself for service to a lady acquaintance.

GAZZA'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Mexicans Preparing to Lynch Him, When He Is Rescued and Flees Into Texas.

Centrina Garza, the revolutionist, by a narrow chance escaped lynching just across the border. From information at hand it is known that Garza had in some way separated himself from his followers. The Mexicans ran across and captured him and were making preparations to lynch him when his men came upon the scene and rescued him. Garza and his men crossed to Texas during the night, and are now being pursued by United States troops.

IDAHO INDIANS MAKING TROUBLE.

Settlers Ask Protection, and Troops Will Likely Be Ordered to the Scene.

Settlers in the Caispall Valley in Northern Idaho are alarmed over the menacing attitude of the Indians in that section.

Mamela, chief of the Caispall, it is reported, has ordered all the white settlers out of the country, and the Indians are running off the settlers' stock and otherwise annoying the whites. Gen. Carlin, in command of the Fourth Infantry, now in camp in Spokane, has been urged to take measures of precaution. A troop of cavalry, under the command of Gen. Carlin, is ready for marching orders and may soon start for the scene of the disturbance. The Caispall Valley is isolated, and all supplies have to be sent in by pack train.

WILL LIBERATE CONVICTS.

Farmers to Take a Hand in the Tennessee Miners' Trouble.

The miners have abandoned Briceville, Tenn., and given it to the convicts. The farmers are indignant at their market being destroyed. Across the ridge west of the town is a farm that was rented at \$1,000 per year that cannot be rented for \$400 now, and great is the falling off of the market demand for farm products. When the miners were there with their families they had about five consumers to each one employed in taking out coal. Now there is but one. They feel the effects of it and have grown desperate. They sent delegates to Nashville to represent their interests in the Legislature, but that body derided them and they indignantly returned home.

BLOODY RACE WAR.

Negroes Shot by the Whites in Lee County, A Battle Expected.

A dispatch says: Excitement in Lee County, Ark., is running high over the murder of Thomas Miller by negro strikers. Sheriff Werner, of Crittenden County, has been called upon for assistance and has dispatched thirty men with Winchester, with instructions to shoot if necessary. A large squad of negroes now are surrounded near Peters' Landing, Ark., by 100 armed men, and indications are that a battle will follow. The negroes are said to be well-armed. A number of the riotous negroes in Lee County were decoyed to a barbecue and were surrounded by the whites, and two of the negroes in attempting to escape were shot.

PAUPERS NOT WANTED.

Destitute Jews Sent Back to Canada May Be Returned to Europe.

The Government at Ottawa, Ontario, has received information that the destitute Russian Jews who have been pouring into the United States from Europe through Canada are to be returned to Canada. In view of this the Dominion authorities have been urged to take immediate steps to prevent more of the pauper immigrants landing in Canada. The Minister of Agriculture drew attention to the possibility of the Government's returning these destitute people to Europe if they are sent back to Canada by the United States.

STILL IMPROVING.

Trade Brisk in All Sections of the Country, and Money Easy.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Reports as to money markets are generally favorable. Collections are fairly good almost everywhere. The great industries are doing well. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the past seven days number for the United States 210, and for Canada 34, or a total of 244, as compared with 239 last week and 214 the week previous. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 219, representing 192 failures in the United States and 27 in the Dominion of Canada.

BONFIRE IN ST. LOUIS.

Mansur Tebbetts Big Warehouse with Adjoining Buildings Burned.

At St. Louis the farm implement and machinery warehouse and salesroom of the Mansur Tebbetts Implement Company, occupying a six-story structure, and the storage-rooms of the Pacific Warehouse Company, a one-story building covering the entire block between Ninth and Tenth streets and the Chicago and Alton Railway yards and Spruce street, were completely destroyed by fire. The loss will amount to \$500,000.

MURDERED BY A REJECTED SUITOR.

Elijah Watt Shoots Miss Kate Halloran at Topeka and Then Kills Himself.

As Miss Kate Halloran, a compositress on the Topeka Kan., Capital, was on her way home, she was shot by Elijah Watt, a printer, who was lying in wait for her. Watt fled, running about a square, and then placing a revolver to his head blew out his brains, dying instantly. Several weeks ago Watt asked Miss Halloran to marry him and she refused. He tried to shoot her then, but a friend interfered.

BIG FIRE AT SAVANNAH.

A Warehouse Worth \$400,000 Destroyed—Chattanooga Suffers.

At Savannah, Ga., S. Guckenheimer & Sons' six-story wholesale grocery and liquor building and its entire stock burned. The total loss is \$450,000, with estimated \$100,000 insurance on stock and \$40,000 on the building. Half a dozen adjoining buildings were damaged. At Chattanooga, Tenn., S. G. Webster's warehouse, the largest in the city, was burned. Loss estimated at \$200,000.

PLUNGED INTO THE DRAV.

A Hansom Cab Driven Into the Chicago River—Two Persons Drowned.

One man, one woman, and a horse were drowned in the river at the Washington street bridge, Chicago, one night recently. A reckless cab-driver drove his cab into the open draw, and the driver and one of his passengers, a woman, were drowned. The woman's escort had a narrow escape.

Big Blast Furnace Leased.

Charles Hiram, of Co. Crearar & Clinch, and Major Boretol, all iron and steel dealers and furnace men, have leased the new blast furnace of the Duluth, Minn., Iron and Steel Company and will operate it for a term of years. The furnace has a capacity of about 1,100 tons of pig-iron. It will be the first large coke furnace on Lake Superior and the first one to use the Bessemer ores of the Vermilion range at home.

Hunting a Pretext for War.

A Paris dispatch says that the warlike utterances of the Grand Duke of Baden have produced very little effect there, the French being already convinced that the Kaiser and his confidants are for war whenever they can find a pretext. The Paris papers express thorough satisfaction with the condition of the French army and its ability to cope with any foe.

Gave Notice of Impeachment.

In the Canadian House of Commons, Mr. Lister, member for West Lambton, gave notice that he will move an impeachment of the Hon. S. G. Haggart, Postmaster General, in connection with the construction of Section B of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The charge will be that Mr. Haggart was interested in the contract given by the Government.

Assays \$10,000 to the Ton.

Word comes to Lander, Wyo., that Emile Grenier has made a wonderfully rich strike

on some quartz ground that he has been prospecting for some time. The find is near Lewiston, eleven miles below Atlantic. The lead uncovered is thought to be an extension from the Burd mine, a lode long conceded to carry the richest ore in the State. Assays from twenty-two inches of the discovery return \$10,000 to the ton. In spots the gold is so thick that there is not enough rock to hold it together.

A Rebellious Convict.

Superintendent McIntyre and Clerk Bowers, at the penitentiary at Albany, N. Y., went into the chair shop to negotiate misconduct on the part of a big negro named Frank Wallace. He sprang at them with a knife, and when this was knocked from his hand he belted Bowers on the floor with a hammer, seriously injuring him.

Must Re-Lay the Track.

The Kansas State Railroad Commission, after making a tour of inspection of the Lawrence and Burlington branches of the Santa Fe Road, have ordered the company to re-lay the tracks from Lawrence to Ottawa and from Ottawa to Burlington, substituting steel for the iron rails, which have been in use twenty years.

Loss of Three Ships.

News is received of the loss of two schooners on the Labrador coast, the Paylee, Capt. John Kane, with all hands, and the Amazon, Capt. John Noble, with the loss of three hands. The ship Camella, it is supposed, is lost, with Capt. Harvey, wife and child and nine of the crew.

Must Have Eaten Mince Pie.

At Indianapolis, S. D. Pierson leaped from his bed while suffering from nightmare, dashed to the front window, and before his wife could reach him sprang to the ground, breaking his arm, severely bruising his face and chest, and, it is feared, receiving internal injuries.

Who Did It?

At the inquest into the killing of the Carr family at Quincy, Ky., evidence was adduced leaning toward the fact that Thomas Carr did not kill his mother-in-law, sister-in-law, and wife, and then himself, but that all were killed by some one else.

Convict Conspirators Confess.

A dispatch from Warden Hale, of San Quentin Prison, California, says the conspirators who have been in solitary confinement have confessed at last, and the revolvers and cartridges concealed by them have all been surrendered.

His Skull Fractured.

Channing Baker and Burt Miles, of Beatrice, Neb., both suitors of Miss Zaida Barclay, had an altercation over their sweetheart, in which Miles' skull was fractured. His recovery is considered doubtful.

Diphtheria at Lafayette.

There is an epidemic of diphtheria raging in Lafayette, Ind., three deaths having occurred in as many days from the disease, and the feasibility of closing the public schools is being seriously considered.

Poor Fool.

Alonso Francisco, 19 years of age, suicided in the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis depot at Wirt, Ind. He was the company's agent, and left a note saying that he was disappointed in love.

Big Fly-Wheel Burst.

At Cincinnati a fly-wheel twenty feet in diameter, weighing twenty tons, burst in an electric power-house. Two men were slightly injured and the building damaged to the extent of \$30,000.

Nebraska Nominations.

The Republicans of Nebraska have nominated the following ticket: A. M. Post, Associate Justice Supreme Court; Charles Marple, H. P. Shumway, Regents State University.

Denied by Turkey.

The Turkish Government denies that it has made any new arrangements with Russia regarding the passage of the warships of that nation through the Dardanelles.

Assignment at Nashville.

At Nashville, Tenn., the Terry Show Case Company made an assignment. The total liabilities are \$43,161. The total assets exceed the liabilities.

Estee to Be Invited.

From a usually authentic source it is learned that M. M. Estee is the Californian whom the President expects to invite into his Cabinet.

Wants the Custom Eradicated.

The Pope has sent a letter to the German and Austrian clergy urging them to endeavor to eradicate the custom of dueling.

The Crew Saved.

The ship Charles Dennis, sailing from New York for San Francisco, foundered near Cape Horn. Her crew was rescued.

Murdered His Mother.

W. H. Davis was hanged at Pueblo, Col., for the murder of his mother and her alleged paramour, James Arnold.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50	@	\$5.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	4.00	@	5.25
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	3.00	@	4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	95	@	96
CORN—No. 2.....	35	@	36
OATS—No. 2.....	26 1/2	@	27 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	33	@	34
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	34	@	35
CHEESE—Full Cream, flats.....	10 1/2	@	11
EGGS—Fresh.....	15 1/2	@	16 1/2
POTATOES—New, per bu.....	30	@	30
INDIANAPOLIS.			
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.50	@	5.75
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.50	@	5.25
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.50	@	4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	94	@	95
CORN—No. 2.....	34	@	35
OATS—No. 2.....	26	@	27
RYE—No. 2.....	32	@	33
ST. LOUIS.			
CATTLE.....	3.50	@	5.00
HOGS.....	4.00	@	5.25
SHEEP.....	3.00	@	4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	95	@	96
CORN—No. 2.....	35	@	36
OATS—No. 2.....	26 1/2	@	27 1/2
DETROIT.			
CATTLE.....	3.00	@	5.25
HOGS.....	3.10	@	4.75
SHEEP.....	3.00	@	4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	94	@	95
CORN—No. 2.....	33	@	34
OATS—No. 2.....	25	@	26
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 2.....	97	@	98
CORN—No. 2.....	34	@	35
OATS—No. 2.....	25	@	26
RYE.....	32	@	33
BUFFALO.			
CATTLE.....	5.00	@	7.00
HOGS.....	1.25	@	5.50
SHEEP.....	1.00	@	4.00
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.56	@	.58
CORN—No. 2.....	.35	@	.36
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.91	@	.92
CORN—No. 2.....	.31	@	.32
OATS—No. 2.....	.20	@	.21
RYE—No. 1.....	.92	@	.94
BUTTER—No. 2.....	.60	@	.62
BAKED—No. 2.....	.60	@	.62
NEW YORK.			
CATTLE.....	3.50	@	5.50
HOGS.....	4.00	@	6.00
SHEEP.....	4.00	@	6.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.03	@	1.05
CORN—No. 2.....	.40	@	.41
OATS—No. 2.....	.23	@	.24
BUTTER—Creamery.....	.23	@	.24
PORE—No. 2.....	11.00	@	12.50

CURRENT COMMENT.

Danger Signals.

England seems determined that the Behring Sea question shall remain unsettled as long as she can find any obstacles to throw in the way of a calm solution of a very simple problem—Baltimore American.

The latest news is that Great Britain has serious designs of annexing Formosa, in the South China Sea, which is the most important island belonging to China. Japan has long been casting hungry eyes on Formosa.—Detroit Free Press.

Out of all the contradictions of recent "news," and the manifestations of jealousy between sovereign authorities, the fact is apparent that the harmony of the European world has not during recent years been in greater peril than it is at this hour.—New York Recorder.

That the Sultan is endeavoring to placate France is evident from his bestowal of decorations upon the French Foreign Minister at Constantinople; and that there is a secret understanding between France and Russia is within the possibilities. But sympathy with Turkey

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHILVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, OCT. 3, 1891.

Republican Congressional Convention.

A Republican Congressional Convention, of the Fifth Congressional District of Michigan, will be held in the Circuit Court room, in the City of Grand Rapids, Michigan, on Monday, October 12th, 1891, at 11 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative in Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. Melbourne H. Ford, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be considered.

According to a rule heretofore adopted the several Counties of the District will be entitled to the same number of delegates as in the last Republican State Convention, viz:

Allegan..... 16, Ionia..... 16.
Kent..... 17, Ottawa..... 18.
By order of the Fifth District Republican Congressional Committee.

WM. M. ROBINSON, Chairman.
DWIGHT GOSS, Secretary.

Republican County Convention.

A Republican County Convention of Ottawa County will be held at the Opera House in the city of Grand Haven, on Monday, Oct. 6th, at 10:30 a. m. for the purpose of electing thirteen delegates to attend the Congressional Convention to be held in the city of Grand Rapids, on Monday Oct. 12th, 1891.

The several townships and wards of the County are entitled to delegates based upon the Republican vote of each for Governor at the last state election as follows:

Allegan 5, Blonson 3, Chester 3, Crocker 3, Georgetown 7, Grand Haven City - 1st ward 3, 2d ward 3, 3d ward 3, 4th ward 3, Grand Haven Town 2, Holland City - 1st ward 3, 2d ward 3, 3d ward 3, 4th ward 3, Holland Town 3, Jamestown 6, Olive 7, Polkton 11, Robinson 2, Spring Lake 10, Talmage 7, Wright 5, Zeeland 13.

Dated at Grand Haven, Sept. 24, '91.
By order of Ottawa County Republican Com.
J. B. WATSON, Chairman.

L. P. ERNST, Sec'y.

Holland City Republican Caucus.

A Republican Caucus of the City of Holland will be held at the office of the Holland City News, on Friday, Oct. 2, 1891, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., to elect delegates from the several wards of the city to the Republican County Convention, called as above.

By order of the Republican City Committee.
W. H. BRANCH, Chairman.

A. VERLIER, Secretary.

The Congressional Nominations.

The week has offered nothing new beyond the action of the People's Party congressional committee in calling another, a more representative, convention, and the virtual declaration of Geo. F. Richardson to be the candidate of that party only.

A meeting of the above named committee and other leading men of the new party, was held with closed doors at the Bridge Street House, Grand Rapids, Tuesday, at which Mr. Richardson was also present.

Being formally notified of his nomination he answered that he did not feel justified in accepting the nomination. He had several reasons for not doing so, prominent among them being the manner in which the nomination was given to him. It was designed to be a mass convention, but Ionia county was not represented at all, Ottawa county had but two delegates and Allegan county one, and the remainder were residents of Gr. Rapids. He would rather not enter the campaign as a candidate this year, and did not feel competent to make a creditable canvass for the party. He did not feel able financially to do the work required of a candidate.

It is hinted that no expression was made by him as to his views or position upon the Cincinnati platform, but it is understood that he is not opposed to the position upon silver, and that is as far as he goes.

A member of the committee asked Mr. Richardson if he would accept a nomination if it were tendered him by a delegate convention and he replied that he would rather be free to act as he deemed best at the time it would be held. He said he had written a letter, which with a little editing it might be proper to publish, in which he declined the nomination.

This declaration by Mr. Richardson did not meet the approval of many of the members present, who did not wish him to state that he would not accept a future nomination of the party inasmuch as it would ruin the chances of party success in the coming campaign, and they protested against his being committed to any pledge or expression upon the subject until such a nomination was tendered him. To this expression Mr. Richardson gave his approval, saying he would prefer to await the action of the convention unhampered by any statement.

It was then suggested that the proceedings of the meeting be suppressed, but this was thought to be impossible, and it was finally decided to call another convention for Monday evening, October 5, in Grand Rapids.

John A. Roost attended the above meeting as a representative of the People's Party in this city.

It is a fair inference from the above that if the People's Party is to go it alone, without fusion with the Democrats, Mr. Richardson is not anxious to be a candidate; hence this hedging.

Local Option.

The neighboring county of Van Buren is the only county in the state which has availed itself of the provisions of the local option law, and after the constitutionality of the law had been upheld by the supreme court the people in that county insisted upon its enforcement. During the summer several arrests were made and the trials of these cases, being the first under the law, were watched with considerable anxiety, as the violators of the law making a desperate fight. The trials came off last week, and the following report gives the result thereof:

PAW PAW, Sept. 23.—In the case of the People against James M. Longwell of Paw Paw, proprietor of the Dyckman house, wherein the respondent was charged with violating the local option law, the jury after a brief absence, returned a verdict of guilty. The first ballot stood ten to two for conviction and on the third ballot the jury were unanimous. A second case pending against the same party was immediately called, but before a jury was secured, the respondent changed his plea to guilty.

The cases of Timri Warner, of Lawrence and W. A. Palmer of Hartford, each of whom was charged with the same offense, were successively called and each of the respondents withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. This action caused a sensation in court, indicating as it did, that they were whipped. Out of eight pending cases for illegal liquor selling, six convictions have been secured. In one of the remaining cases the people's witnesses have mysteriously disappeared and the case will not be tried this term. The other case is a weak one for the people and will probably be nolle pross'd by the prosecutor. The people of Van Buren county have demonstrated that local prohibition can be enforced notwithstanding the many statements that have appeared in the public press claiming the law to be a failure and a farce.

A close observation of liquor and temperance legislation has forced the conclusion upon us that in this respect, no more than in municipal or charter legislation, the entire field can be covered with one general enactment. And we notice that this same conclusion is also slowly dawning upon other men who have long been in the forefront of third-party prohibition.

No law in a republican form of government like ours is stronger than the public sentiment behind it, upon which it must depend for its enforcement. Where no prohibition sentiment exists it cannot be created by enactment, and any attempt to enforce it results practically in free liquor.

The true solvent of the problem is local option, and this the Republican party has enacted for the people of this state. Our political or third party prohibitionists, however, steadfastly refuse to avail themselves of its opportunities. They prefer to discard what Van Buren county has proven to be practicable and within reach, in order to keep up a clamor for what is impracticable and non-attainable.

There is no excuse for the division the third-party prohibitionists have created in the temperance ranks, thereby stifling moral agitation and paralyzing the good work begun. What is wanted is public sentiment, more than political platforms with a thousand and one side issues. Public sentiment without law may be ineffectual, but it is immeasurably better than law without public sentiment, as the man from Maine expressed it: "O yes, we have prohibition, but the trouble is we haven't got the blamed thing quite fixed, so that we can make it work all around."

The "News" and its Contemporaries.

Last week's edition of the Allegan Gazette comprised sixteen pages or ninety-six columns. Circulation, to bona fide subscribers, 2,472. Upon all of which we extend congratulations to its editor and publisher.

In commenting upon this achievement Mr. Reid says: "Except the Dutch weekly *De Grondwet*, at Holland City, there is no weekly paper on this side of the state that can show a list equal in number to the *Gazette*."

Aside from the ability and energy which characterize the *Gazette*, this success is also due in part to its favorable location. But few counties in this state exceed Allegan in size and rural population. Its county seat is central, commercially as well as otherwise. In Allegan county "all roads lead to Allegan." The papers published there are or can be made to be in the full sense of the term "county papers," an advantage of which Ottawa county journalism always has been and ever will be deprived.

Geographically we may force a center for Ottawa county, but not otherwise. Commercially Holland and Zeeland represent the southern and Grand

Haven and Coopersville the northern part of the county, Grand river being practically the dividing line, while the eastern one-third of both sections are drawn towards Grand Rapids.

Another obstacle in the line of successful journalism in Ottawa county lies in a want of homogeneity of its population, largely owing to the early settlement of the two localities, which in the spirit of their undertaking, the character of the people and the resources at hand had but few features in common, all of which, though of the past and being gradually obliterated, is still being more or less felt.

We cite these facts merely to illustrate that in the sense of a "county paper" Ottawa county does not present that opportunity some of our more favored neighbors enjoy. Nevertheless it is very gratifying for the *Holland City News* to announce that it is satisfied with its field. Though published in the center of a region originally settled in the main by Hollanders, it has the largest bona fide circulation of any English paper in the county, — than which no better proof can be adduced of the steady and growing tendency towards a general Americanizing of these regions.

The reference of the *Gazette* to *De Grondwet* in this connection, also deserves a passing notice. The *Grondwet* being published in the Holland language it has not that acquaintance among the English reading public that its circulation, ability, and influence merit. It was started in 1860, and with one exception is the oldest organ in the United States published in the Holland language. It is a twelve page (72 columns) paper and has a steady increasing circulation of between five and six thousand. Founded as a Republican organ it has always been true to the party and its principles, and its influence as such is reflected by the predominating political sentiment and the large Republican vote cast among the voters of that nationality, not only throughout western Michigan, but in many of the other western states, where they have located. It is recognized among them as the organ of the party and the expounder of its principles, — and rightly so. This latter fact perhaps not being sufficiently known and hence not duly appreciated in the different circles of party management and influence, we thought this a suitable occasion to mention it for the information of those specially concerned.

Ladies.

Become your own Dressmakers by learning the "Climax" tailor system of cutting.

Guaranteed to fit without change of seam.

With it young dressmakers can become efficient cutters, able to raise themselves above the failures of the day. Can be tested by having a lining cut free.

To those not having half an hour to spend to learn I will furnish printed instructions and hand-drafting, which they can learn at home.

If satisfaction is not given, return chart by mail and have money refunded. Good references.

Price reduced to \$3.50 from \$5.00. Instructions free at John Spoons, Thirteenth street, Holland, from Oct. 5 to 15.

36-1w MRS. V. J. SEYMOUR.

Do Not

Buy any Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Gold Pens, Spectacles, etc., until you have examined the stock of C. A. Stevenson. He gives the lowest prices, and has the best assortment in the city.

Holland, Mich., July 2, 1891. 23-1f.

Use a Combination Slicer for slicing bread, tomatoes or potatoes, cabbage for sauerkraut, cutting corn off the cob for drying, a d for many other purposes too numerous to mention. Call and examine it at

32-1f KANTERS BROS.

All operations known to the dental profession skillfully performed by experienced operators at the Central Dental Parlors. 36-1f

The many remarkable cures of catarrh effected by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is conclusive proof that this loathsome and dangerous disease is one of the blood, only needing such a searching and powerful alternative to thoroughly eradicate it.

Engagement of the Comedian AUGUSTE NEUVILLE, and a carefully selected company of players, in his new play, the

(NEW)

Boy Tramp

With its wealth of Special Scenery, Stage Settings, Properties, etc.

Everything New.

New Scenery,
New Effects,
New Songs,
New Dances,
New Faces,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Admission 35c; Reserved Seats 50 cts

Seats on sale at
OTTO BREYMAN & SON, Jewelers.

THE BEST APERIENT

In modern pharmacy is, undoubtedly, Ayer's Cathartic Pills. Except in extreme cases, physicians have abandoned the use of drastic purgatives, and recommend a milder, but no less effective medicine. The favorite is Ayer's Pills, the superior medicinal virtues of which have been certified to under the official seals of state chemists, as well as by hosts of eminent doctors and pharmacists. No other pill so well supplies the demand of the general public for a safe, certain, and agreeable family medicine.

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever used; and in my judgment no better general remedy was

Ever Devised

I have used them in my family and caused them to be used among my friends and employees for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge many cases of the following complaints have been completely and permanently cured by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above." — J. O. Wilson, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas.

"For eight years I was afflicted with constipation, which at last became so bad that the doctors could do no more for me. Then I began to take

Ayer's Pills

and soon the bowels recovered their natural and regular action, so that now I am in excellent health." — Wm. H. DeLaune, Dorset, Ontario.

"Ayer's Pills are the best cathartic I ever used in my practice." — J. T. Sparks, M. D., Yeddo, Ind.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Every Dose Effective.

Michigan Mining School.

A State School of Mining Engineering, giving practical instruction in Drawing, Physics, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Shop-practice, Chemistry, Assaying, Ore Dressing, Metallurgy, Surveying, Mining, Mineralogy, Petrography, Geology, etc. Has summer schools in Surveying, Shop-practice and Field Geology, Laboratories, shops and Stamp Mill well equipped. Tuition free. For catalogue apply to the Director, Houghton, Michigan. 30-2m.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever-Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions; and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at P. W. Kane's Drug Store.

Believing that a trial of Cushman's Menthol Balm will convince you of the superiority of this ointment for the many uses of the household, the manufacturer is giving away a limited number of 5c boxes at H. Walsh's Drug Store. Get one now before they are all gone, and try it for cuts, bruises, burns, chapped hands, sores, ulcers, salt rheum or any skin disease.

Brusse & Co. keep the most stylish goods in the city in Neckwear and fine Furnishing Goods. 13-1f

Have your old, broken down teeth made useful by Gold Crowns, at one-half the usual price, at the Central Dental Parlors. 36-1f

If you want great bargains in boots and shoes go to J. D. HELDER.

Trade at Wm. Brusse & Co., and get a Parachute for the children.

Barler's Oil Heaters are neatly finished and perfectly odorless. For sale at KANTERS BROS.

Queen Victoria has a remarkable fine head of hair, for a lady of her age; but her son, the Prince of Wales quite bald. Had he used Ayer's Hair Vigor earlier in life, his head might to-day have been as well covered as that of his royal mother. It's not too late yet.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a Billious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and Tonic; acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blisters, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at P. W. Kane Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's new Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. — Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at P. W. Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland. Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

Moore & Shaefer's fine shoes always on hand at J. D. HELDER.

Estimates cheerfully given on all work connected with City Waterpipes. 16 — 1f. KANTERS BROS.

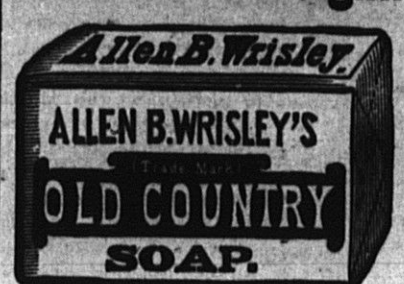
To Whom it May Concern.

I am pleased to testify that one box of Dr. E. J. Schouten's Rheumatic Pills has cured me of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

JAS. A. BROUWER.

Holland, Mich., July 16, 1891.

Pure & Full Weight.



Economical & Popular.

A FULL LINE OF

FARM Implements

—AT—

J. Flieman & Son's,

River Street, Holland, Mich.

Agents for the Whitley Solid Steel Binder, the great open end Harvester Binder for successfully cutting all lengths and kinds of grain. Also for Whitley's Solid Steel Mower. This Machine is entirely different from and Superior to any other Mowing Machine ever produced.

Plows,
Wagons,
Cultivators,
Seeders,
Hay Rakes,
Buggies,
Carts,
Harrows,
Land Rollers,
Feed Cutters,
Corn Shellers.

1-1y
Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency, and get them for you. IF TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

FOR GENTLEMEN
WHY IS THE
W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE THE BEST
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?
It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or nails, and is made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from \$6.00 to \$12.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, and stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from \$6.00 to \$8.00.

\$3.50 Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 fine calf, no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.00 and \$2.50 Workingmen's shoes worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$1.75 school shoes, best made, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$6.00.

Misses are the best fine Donaghs; stylish and durable. Caution—See that W. L. Douglas's name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by G. J. Van Duren Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

AT

E. J. HARRINGTON.

New Fall Goods.

Dress Goods and Flannel Suitings in Latest Styles.

A Full Line of the Celebrated Jackson Corset Waists.

Clothing A Specialty.

Men's Suits,

Children's Suits,

Men's Pants for \$1.00 and upwards.

Overcoats for the Season.

Gents' Furnishing Goods—

Hats and Caps—Fall and

Winter Outfit.

NOTE.—The well-known Harrington dock property, at the head of Black Lake is still in the market.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 1, 1891.

Remember!

that at the

City Bakery

You can find all kinds of

FRUIT,

such as

California Pears,

Nice Michigan Apples,

Florida Oranges,

Lemons, Bananas,

Figs, Dates,

Cranberries,

Sweet Potatoes.

Fresh Canned Goods,

such as

Peaches, Apricots, Plums

Pears, Pumpkin, Corn,

Tomatoes, etc., etc.

If you want something very sweet, then

Buy Honey or Maple Sugar

If you are looking for

The Best 5 Cts. Cigar,

Then smoke the 'Vim'!

John Pessink,

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage executed by Robert S. Oliver and Stella E. Oliver, his wife, to Nelson W. Northrop as trustee of George R. Northrop, dated August twenty seventh A. D. 1886, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the second day of September A. D. 1886, in liber 32 of mortgages, on page 167, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Three Hundred and Fifty Dollars, and no proceedings at law (or in equity) having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof, Notice is, therefore, hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, to pay the amount due on said mortgage, together with interest and costs of foreclosure and sale, including the attorney fee provided by said mortgage and by law. Said sale to take place at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the Twentieth day of November A. D. 1891, at one o'clock afternoon of that day. The mortgaged premises to be sold being: The East half (1/2) of the South East quarter (1/4) of Section Twenty two (22) in Township Seven North of range fifteen (15) west, eighty acres of land, more or less.

Dated August 31st, 1891.

NELSON W. NORTHROP

as trustee of

GEORGE R. NORTHROP.

Mortgage.

J. C. Post, Attorney.

NEW ENTERPRISE

L. C. COTTS,

Manufacturer of

BROOMS & BRUSHES.

Constantly on hand a large assortment of hand-made brooms and brushes of different sizes, grades and prices. Orders by mail promptly filled.

Factory on Eleventh Street,

east of King's Factory.

Holland, Mich., August 6, 1891.

Ask Your Local Dealer

for Cotts' Brooms.

28 1y

Special Assessment Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND, MICH.,

CLERK'S OFFICE, Sept. 6, 1891.

To Marinus Jansen, Jan Strop, Jacob Strop, Ernst Barend, J. De Roos, Hendrik Lubbert, Mrs. D. Slayter, Otto Breyman, Holland Christian Reform Church, John H. Tu, Benjamin Kamferbeek, Jan De Potter, Johannes Overbeek, and the Public Schools of the City of Holland.

You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll, for the improving, grading and graveling of "Central Eleventh Street Special Street Assessment District," in the City of Holland, has been reported by the board of assessors to the common council of the city of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the common council has fixed upon Tuesday the sixth day of October 1891, 7:30 p. m. at the common council room in said city, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the board of assessors to review said assessment.

Any person objecting to the assessment may file his objection thereto in writing with the city clerk.

By order of the Common Council

34-3w GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Friday the Eleventh day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth Clapper deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Isaac H. Fairbanks, executor in said will named, praying for the probate of an instrument in writing filed in said Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Elizabeth Clapper, late of the township of Holland in said county, deceased, and for his own appointment as executor thereof:

State Teachers' Reading Circle.

To the Teachers of Ottawa County:

I desire, during the coming year, to introduce the "State Teachers' Reading Circle" work into Ottawa county. The State Reading Circle now enters upon its second year's work. It has proven itself a success, and is capable of bringing much good to the teacher who will enter into the work heartily. The State Circle is under the management of a committee of county commissioners of schools, and the design is to have the county commissioner of schools of each county manager of the Reading Circle work of his respective county. The county commissioner is authorized to form local Circles throughout his county for the purpose of carrying on the work.

The state managers select two studies for each year, one a professional study and one a culture study, and have the publisher furnish a carefully prepared outline of each study. The county commissioner is expected to test in whatever way he may think best the thoroughness of the work, and when each year is complete to furnish a Reading Circle certificate to each member. The Department of Public Instruction has authorized examining boards to give credit for the work done in the Reading Circle to the following extent:

1. That those who have never taught be excused from examination in theory and art, if they have prepared all the outlines in the professional study, and an additional credit of 20 per cent be given their United States history examination, provided that if this should carry the same above 100 per cent the balance be spread upon the general average, if they have prepared all the outlines in the culture study.
2. That those who have taught three months successfully and have done the work shall be excused from theory and art and from all subjects in which, at any examination of 1891, they reach a standing 2 per cent above the required average.
3. That those who have within two years taught three terms of school with marked success, in the county in which they desire a certificate, shall receive one re-issue of their last certificate without examination, if they have prepared all the outlines.
4. That each county secretary recognize work done in any county, as shown by the teacher's enrollment card, and give the above credits.
5. That in cases where teachers do part of the work, and for sufficient reasons cannot not complete it, they shall be credited according to the judgment of the county secretary.

After consultation with some of our best teachers, it is believed that in our county the work can best be carried on through our two Teachers' Associations. By having monthly meetings and devoting a portion of the time to the Reading Circle studies, conducting the working as a class under an instructor, previously chosen by the association, I believe all that can be expected under any system can be accomplished, and at the same time the association made more interesting.

To do this, of course, the character of the association will necessarily have to be changed somewhat, devoting more time to this work and less to the discussion of methods, our former practice. It has been suggested that our Teachers' Association can be still further improved by the addition of one or two more studies, to be conducted in the same manner as suggested for the Reading Circle work, and confining the discussion of methods to perhaps one general subject at each meeting.

After thoughtful consideration, I sincerely believe that for all interested, both teachers and those who expect to become teachers in the near future, this will be the best plan to pursue.

I therefore suggest the following programme for the coming year's work:

1. English Grammar.
2. Natural Philosophy.
3. Reading Circle Studies.
- a. White's Pedagogy, as the professional study.
- b. Hale's Lights of Two Centuries, as the culture study.
4. Discussion of General Educational Topics.

It would be very desirable to have both the North and South Associations pursue the above course, but it is not necessary so long as both take the Reading Circle course for the second year.

It is my earnest desire to be present at the first and every meeting of both associations and aid all I can in their work. I hope the teachers of Ottawa will carefully consider this work and give it their hearty support. If you do we can have a pleasant and profitable time. Let me ask you all to attend the association meetings during the coming year, enlist in the Reading Circle work and help advance ourselves and old Ottawa to the front.

Respectfully,
COLON C. LILLIE,
County Commissioner of Schools.

A faded and discolored beard is untidy and a misfortune. It may be prevented by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers, a never failing remedy.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE	
HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK,	
at Holland, Michigan, at the close of business, September 25th, 1891.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$79,990 98
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.....	19,056 00
Overdrafts.....	380 35
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	13,793 58
Due from other banks and bankers.....	3,176 62
Banking house.....	800 00
Furniture and fixtures.....	1,000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid.....	1,092 23
Interest paid.....	205 61
Checks and cash items.....	849 45
Nickels and pennies.....	132 41
Gold coin.....	387 21
Silver coin.....	1,468 61
U. S. and National Bank Notes.....	5,894 00
Total.....	\$113,368 25
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$37,000 00
Surplus fund.....	500 00
Undivided profits.....	4,791 35
Individual deposits.....	38,916 30
Certificates of deposit.....	32,990 60
Total.....	\$113,368 25
STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.	
I, Cornelius Ver Schure, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
CORNELIUS VER SCHURE, Cashier.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of October, 1891.	
F. H. McBRIDE, Notary Public.	
Correct—Attest: A. VAN PUTTEN, J. VAN PUTTEN, M. VAN PUTTEN, Directors.	
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE	
FIRST STATE BANK,	
at Holland, Michigan, at the close of business, September 25th, 1891.	
RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$80,017 97
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.....	36,954 01
Overdrafts.....	1,740 38
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	18,114 66
Banking house.....	2,168 50
Furniture and fixtures.....	1,683 39
Current expenses and taxes paid.....	1,852 31
Interest paid.....	814 02
Checks and cash items.....	308 84
Nickels and pennies.....	21 79
Gold coin.....	1,020 00
Silver coin.....	365 55
U. S. and National Bank Notes.....	1,418 00
Total.....	\$137,797 41
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$35,000 00
Surplus Fund.....	377 90
Undivided profits.....	6,168 80
Individual deposits.....	21,424 72
Certificates of deposit.....	10,261 25
Savings deposits.....	63,351 87
Due to banks and bankers.....	1,392 87
Total.....	\$137,797 41
STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.	
I, Isaac Marshall, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
ISAAC MARSHALL, Cashier.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of October, 1891.	
AREND VISSCHER, Notary Public.	
Correct—Attest: J. C. POST, J. W. BEARDSLEE, G. W. MOEKA, Directors.	
THE MARKETS.	
Wheat @ bushel.....	@ 91 15
Barley @ cwt.....	@ 15 94
Corn @ bushel.....	@ 35 37
Oats @ bushel.....	@ 30 37
Clover seed @ bushel.....	@ 4 00
Potatoes @ bushel.....	@ 25 00
Flour @ barrel.....	@ 5 40
Cornmeal, bolted, @ cwt.....	@ 1 80
Cornmeal, unbolted, @ cwt.....	@ 1 25
Ground feed.....	@ 1 25
Middlings @ cwt.....	@ 1 13
Bran @ cwt.....	@ 80 00
Hay @ ton.....	@ 10 00
Honey.....	16 @ 18
Butter.....	@ 19 00
Eggs @ dozen.....	@ 15 00
Wood, hard, dry @ cord.....	1 50 @ 1 75
Chickens, dressed, lb (live 4 @ 5c).....	8 @ 10
Beans @ bushel.....	1 75 @ 2 00
Onions @ bushel.....	@ 1 25
CHICAGO Sept. 6, 1891.	
AND WEST MICHIGAN RY.	
Trains depart from Holland:	
For Chicago.....	a.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.
" Grand Rapids.....	9 35 1 45 *1255
" Muskegon.....	3 00 9 30 5 10 9 35
" Grand Haven.....	5 30 9 55 3 00 6 25 9 30
" Hart and Pentwater.....	5 30 6 25
" Manistee and Ludington.....	5 30 3 00
" Big Rapids.....	5 30 3 00
" Traverse City.....	5 30 3 00
" Allegan and Toledo.....	9 55 3 00
Trains Arrive at Holland.	
From Chicago.....	p.m. p.m. a.m. a.m.
" Grand Rapids.....	9 35 1 45 *1255
" Muskegon.....	9 55 1 45 *1220 6 25 9 30
" Grand Haven.....	9 45 1 35 3 10 5 05 *1155
" Manistee and Ludington.....	a.m. a.m.
" Big Rapids.....	1 35 *1155 *1220 1 45
" Traverse City.....	1 35 *1155 *1220 1 45
" Allegan and Toledo.....	a.m. a.m.
" Toledo.....	9 50 6 00
*Daily, other trains week days only.	
Wagner Palace Sleeping Cars on night trains to and from Chicago.	
Wagner Parlor Buffet Cars on day trains to and from Chicago; 9:55 a.m. train from Holland has free chair car to Chicago.	
Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. Connections in Union Station, Grand Rapids with the favorite DETROIT, LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.	
DETROIT June 21, 1891.	
LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.	
Lv Grand Rapids.....	6 50 a.m. 1 00 p.m. *2 20 p.m.
Ar Grand Rapids.....	8 25 " 2 35 " 7 55 "
Lv Lansing.....	6 50 " 3 00 " 8 18 "
Ar Lansing.....	9 25 " 4 12 " 9 08 "
Lv Detroit.....	11 15 " 6 05 " 10 35 "
Lv Grand Rapids.....	7 05 " 4 30 "
Ar Grand Rapids.....	8 40 " 5 40 "
Lv Detroit.....	9 25 " 6 25 "
Ar Detroit.....	10 17 " 7 10 "
Lv St. Louis.....	10 25 " 7 37 "
Ar St. Louis.....	11 45 " 9 00 "
6.50 a.m. runs through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.	
1:00 p.m. and 6:25 p.m. run through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.	
GEO. DE HAVEN, General Passenger Agent, Grand Rapids, Mich.	
Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.	
From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at P. W. KANE'S Drugstore, Holland, and A. DE KRUIF, Zeeland; regular size 80c and \$1.00.	

How Can it be Done?

Still We do it.

WHAT?

Sell our large Surplus of Doors we have on hand 20 percent cheaper than regular retail prices. That is to say we retail at wholesale prices until all Doors are sold.

Also close out all our

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Window and Doorframes, Mouldings, Flooring and Siding

at 10 to 15 percent below the regular price, until all is sold. Decided bargains in small job lots of lumber. We also offer for sale

Ten City Lots, Two Houses and Lots, the Novelty Wood Works, and one Warehouse up town.

Apply at

J. R. KLEYN'S Novelty Wood Works.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 24, 1891.

FREE STORAGE OF WHEAT.

Our new Elevator will be completed about August 20th and we will then be prepared to accommodate those who have not sufficient storage room of their own, with

Free Storage of Wheat for Three Months.

Other grain will be stored at a moderate charge which will be made known on application. We always pay the highest market prices for grain. Compare them with Grand Rapids and surrounding towns.

The Walsh-DeRoo Milling Co.

Proprietors of Standard Roller Mills.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 6, 1891.

Wm. Van Der Veere

PROPRIETOR OF

CITY MEAT MARKET,

Cor. Eighth and Fish Sts. HOLLAND, MICH.

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Cash Paid for Poultry.

A full and complete line of Choice Meats constantly on hand.

Orders taken at the Houses when requested and Goods delivered free of charge.

Holland, Mich. Feb. 28, 1891.

FAIR!

BIG BARGAINS

—in—

Furniture of all kinds, Carpets in choice patterns, Parlor Sets and a Fine Selection of Rugs.

Lace and Chenille Curtains

just received at

J. A. BROUWER,

RIVER ST.

Picture Frames in all sizes and prices, and Window Shades in all colors and sizes at the lowest possible prices at

J. A. BROUWER,

River Street, Holland, Michigan.

TO CUT THIS OUT AND MAKE USE OF IT. BRING IT WITH YOU.

L. HENDERSON

of the

Chicago Clothing Store,

Gives to every Cash purchaser of

TEN DOLLARS' WORTH

An Additional \$2.00 in Goods.

This offer holds good until October 15.

O. Breyman & Son

Eight Street, Holland, Mich.

THE PLACE

TO BUY YOUR

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware.

Particular attention is called to the fact that our goods are

FIRST-CLASS.

And are sold at prices that will successfully compete with any one.

All our work is guaranteed and done in a workmanlike manner.

Spectacles,

For All, Old and Young!

\$10 Wood Heating Stove

and a

Handsome Heater for \$13.

A Large Cook Stove for \$13.

Old Stoves taken in Exchange.

At the Pioneer Hardware of

E. VAN DER VEEN.

Holland, Mich., Oct. 2, 1891.

H. J. Cronkright, BARBER,

Shop: North of DE KRAKER'S PLACE, River Street, Holland, Mich.

SEIF'S Bottling Works,

Cor. 10th and Maple Sts.

I have opened my new Bottling Works east of the Brewery. Am prepared to furnish

Bottled Beer,

delivered free, at the following rates:

1 doz. 1-4 Bottles	\$0.90
2 " 1-8 "	\$1.00

A. SEIF.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 10, 1891.

ICE. MEAT.

JA'S. MEEUWSEN'S

Refrigerator Meat Wagon.

Daily Rounds of the streets of the City of Holland, with the choicest meats of all kinds, same as in a butcher shop, neatly arranged in my new Refrigerator Meat Wagon, where they are kept nice and fresh.

LOOK OUT FOR THE WAGON!

JA'S. MEEUWSEN, Holland, Mich., June 4, 1891.

\$900 Salary

Agents and Commission in Agents, Men and Women, Teachers and Clergymen to introduce a New and popular Standard Book.

MARVELS OF THE NEW WEST.

A new Agent sold 70 in one week. Agent's profits \$136.50. Over 350 original engravings. 10,400 copies sold in one week. Exclusive territory. Endorsed by the greatest men of our country. Agents thoroughly instructed. Apply to the

Henry Bill Publishing Co., Norwich, Conn.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Tuesday, the Twenty second day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Johannes G. Van Hees, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Albertus G. Van Hees, only son and heir of Neeltje Van Hees sole legatee in said will named and who died before the death of the testator, praying for the probate of an inventory in writing filed in said Court purporting to be the last will and testament of Johannes G. Van Hees, late of Zeeland in said county, deceased, and for the appointment of J. George Van Hees administrator with the will annexed of said estate:

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the Twentieth day of October, next

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy, (Attest)

CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

MY LOVE.

Not as other women are
Is she that to my soul is dear;
Her glorious fancies come from far,
Beneath the silver evening-star
And yet her heart is ever near.

Great feelings hath she of her own.
Which lesser souls may never know;
God giveth them to her alone.
And sweet they are as any tone
Wherewith the wind may choose to blow.

Yet in herself she dwelleth not,
Al though no home were half so fair;
No simplest duty is to get;
Life hath no dim and lowly spot
That doth not in her sunshine share.

She doeth little kindnesses,
Which most leave undone or despise;
For naught that sets one heart at ease,
And giveth happiness or peace,
Is low-esteemed in her eyes.

She hath no scorn of common things,
And though she seem of other birth,
Round us her heart entwines and clings,
And patiently she folds her wings
To tread the humble paths of earth.

Blessing she is: God made her so,
And deeds of week-day holiness
Fell from her noiseless as the snow;
Nor hath she ever chanced to know
That aught were easier than to bless.

She is most fair, and thereunto
Her life doth rightly harmonize;
Feeling or thought that was not true
Ne'er made le a beautiful blue
Uncolored heaven of her eyes.

She is a woman—one in whom
The spring-time of her childish years
Hath never lost its fresh perfume,
Though knowing well that life hath room
For many blights and many tears.

I love her with a love as still
As a broad river's peaceful might,
Which, by high tower and lowly mill,
Goes wandering at its own free will,
And yet doth ever flow aright.

And on its full, deep breast serene,
Like quiet lilies may I lie;
It flows around me then and between,
And makes them fresh and fair and green.
Sweet homes wherein to live and die.

—[James Russell Lowell.]

THE LITTLE THIEF.

BY MARY KYLE DALLAS.

It was tea-time. Mr. Matthews, the proprietor of the stuffy little Eighth Avenue dry-goods store, where Ned Brandreth was serving his apprenticeship to the business, had gone to tea with his family, and Ned was in sole charge.

At this hour there was little chance of customers. People were for the most part hurrying home to meals, or getting their ready if they were women. The unfashionable thoroughfare was not yet lighted, but the shadows lay heavily below the tall tenement houses, and the sky, of a dull gray, gave warning of an approaching storm.

To the country boy it was a very dreary scene. Leaning over the counter, his eyes fixed upon the moist and greasy-looking sidewalk, he saw in imagination the old homestead standing "amidst rows of wheat and corn," the little garden about its door. The table was set for tea. There was his mother—his father opposite her. There were the boys, Bill and Ben, and Fanny, his little sister, with her blue eyes and flaxen hair, and her grandmother's gold beads about her neck. All were together. Did they think of him so far away? He could see his vacant place, his chair set back, his plate put away. The boy could have wept.

How he longed to return to them! But, alas! the farm would not support them all. Bill was to be a doctor; Ben would help his father; he had his task.

"It had to be," he said; and, just as he spoke, he thought for a moment that he saw Fanny before him—flaxen curls, fair forehead, blue eyes. Was it a vision? No. The next instant he understood that what he looked at was a living child, with the same pure tints of skin and hair. A pretty creature, quite as pretty as Fanny, but not clean and tidy as she always was—a girl in the ragged frock of a grown person, cut short in the skirt and left unhemmed, with bare feet soiled with the mud of the streets, and no trace of motherly care about her, crouched close to the wall behind a form on which a ready-made suit was displayed upon the sidewalk. She was tugging softly and cleverly at a gaudy shawl that was exhibited on the shoulders of another dummy, and, as he looked, had it down and rolled into a bundle beneath her wretched shawl. Now she came creeping from her hiding-place, and in a moment more would have gone pattering up the street on those bare feet of hers, but a hand came down upon her shoulder, and the shawl was removed from its hiding-place.

"You wicked little thief!" said Ned—for he it was who had caught the child—"come here!"

He led her through the store, which was a small one, to the little portion screened off at the end, and, sitting down on a box, looked at her.

"I suppose I ought to call a policeman," said he. "What did you try to steal that shawl for? Don't you know that they put people in prison for stealing things?"

"Yes, sir," sobbed the girl. "Jimmy got put in prison last week for hooking a shovel."

"Why don't you take warning then?"

Ned said, "I didn't see none," sobbed the child. "I only saw the shawl. If none of us don't bring nothin' home, she hits us. I'm all black on my back, bein' hit. I knowed she'd like a shawl, and when she likes what you bring home you get sausage."

"Poor little soul!" sighed Ned.

"What's your name?"

"Mag," said the child.

"And is she your mother?" asked the boy.

"No," sobbed the little creature.

"Them's that's got mothers has good times. She keeps us out of charity. Her name is Old Sally. She is mostly

drunk and can't work, and we hooks and begs what we can."

How like pretty Fanny's blue eyes were those turned up toward Ned! How unlike the fate and condition of this child!

"Well, Mag, I've got a little sister home," said Ned. "She's about your age, and I can't help feeling sorry for you. I ought to tell Mr. Matthews, and make a charge against you; but I haven't the heart. Look here; wouldn't you like to live a nice life out in the country, and not have to steal and beg?"

"Wouldn't I—just!" cried the child.

"Very well," said Ned. "I'm going to write a note to a good man—a minister. Every year he sends poor orphans to the country. You really are an orphan—have no father or mother?"

"Yes, sir. I never had none of either," sighed Mag, in tones that convinced the youth of her sincerity.

In a few moments Ned had written a little note upon a pad of paper that lay at hand, folded it, and given it to the child.

"You know the place where the people meet to pray every night?" he asked.

"Yes," replied Mag. "I listens at the doors sometimes. I likes the singin'!"

"Go in to-night, if you can," said Ned. "and ask to speak to Mr. Smith. Give him that note. The woman who beats you must not see it, remember."

Mag nodded wisely.

"If you cannot get to the meeting to-night, go to-morrow," said Ned. "There's a ten-cent piece for you, so you'll be sure of your supper. And, Mag, if Mr. Smith sends you to a nice place, be good. Don't steal or lie, or do anything wicked, and say your little prayers every night, and grow up a good girl."

"Yes, sir, I'll try," said Mag. Then all of a sudden she began to sob violently.

"Nobody never talked so good to me before!" she said. "I'll remember always—"

Ned heard the feet of his employer on the stairs, and led Mag to the door, put her gently forth, and draped the shawl over the shoulders of the dummy, which was presently rolled in and put away for the night with the other objects which had been set forth to attract custom.

As it happened, Ned did not see good Mr. Smith again. The prayer-meetings soon came to a close, and he never knew whether Mag carried the note to the minister or not. It was possible that she was a little hypocrite who grinned at the good advice he had given her, and went thieving again next day. However, he was glad, for Fanny's sake, that he had been as kind to her as possible.

At all events, he never saw her again, and it was not long before he left the store and sought his fortune in California. There he succeeded beyond his expectations, and one day returned home a rich man, and did all those pleasant things that a filial and prosperous son does for the old folks, beginning by paying off the mortgage on the homestead, of course. He could scarcely believe that he had been away so long. Nothing seemed much changed—his parents scarcely older. Bill and Ben were mature, but really improved. Only Fanny astonished him. Fanny was a young lady—tall, slender, shapely. Her flaxen hair was a rich blonde, her eyes bluer and brighter than ever, if possible. And Fanny—little Fanny—was engaged to be married. Ned could not believe that.

She was as fond of him as ever, though, and prouder; and before three days had gone over their heads she had set herself to match-making on his account.

"Of course, you know we want you to stay here, Ned," she said, "and to marry some one who likes the country. Now I have a plan. You must fall in love with my Jack's sister. She is very pretty, and as good as an angel, and so bright, and a perfect lady; and she just worships the country. And you can build a house between ours and her father's; and Jack and I will have one opposite, and that will be so delightful. You do not know how nice she is, Ned, but you will meet her on Thursday. She is away on a visit now, but is coming home to-morrow. Thursday she will come here to tea. You must make love to her at once. Propose as soon as possible, and have the nicest wife in the world. Oh, I am sure she will be!"

Ned laughed. Like most men, he doubted women's judgment of each other. Besides, he had not yet resolved to marry. If he should fall in love, it would be a different thing; but that seemed unlikely. He had met many pretty women, and was yet heart-whole. It seemed scarcely likely that Jack's sister—nice little country girl as she doubtless was—would make any unusual impression upon him.

However, he did not say this—only, "You know, she may not like me, Fanny." But that of Fanny assured him there could be no doubt.

She was in a high state of delight when, on 5 o'clock on Thursday, Jack appeared with his sister on his arm, and she was able to say at last:

"Brother Ned, this is my dearest friend, Marguerite. Marguerite, this is the brother you have not yet met. I know you will be friends."

Friends! From the moment Ned's eyes met those lovely ones belonging to Jack's sister he was lost. He had never believed in love at first sight, but it came to him like a flash of lightning. He devoted himself to Marguerite all day, and would walk home with her at night, and then Fanny said that she would go also, and kept Jack at a pleasant distance—socially near, but so that every word need not be heard; and Marguerite was the sweetest thing, Ned thought, as her little hand rested on his arm.

Going home again with Fanny, she teased him to confess that he already adored her friend, and told him that, while putting on her bonnet, she had said that he was "ever so nice." But Ned was too much in love to feel sure of success, and for some time was rather an uneasy soul, hoping and fearing—his courage high in the morning and low at night, until one day he took heart of grace and actually popped the question. What he said he hardly knew. It was in the orchard. They sat on a rustic bench under an old pear tree, and he had talked for some time, when Marguerite gave a little cry, and said:

"Mr. Brandreth, I beg you to say no more just yet. I have something to

tell you that may make you feel differently. I should have told you before, but I—I put it off. You do not know who I am. Jack's sister, Mr. Rawdon's daughter, you believe me; but I am only an adopted child, a little orphan whom they reared lovingly, but still not theirs."

"All the more mine, then, if you will have it so!" cried Ned.

"A moment more," cried Marguerite. "I must tell you. Mr. Brandreth, do you remember a wicked little girl—an unkempt, barefoot child—who years ago stole a shawl from Mr. Matthews' shop-door one night in New York? Do you remember how kind you were to her, and gave her good advice and a letter to Pastor Smith? I see you do. Her name was Mag. Oh, Mr. Brandreth, I am that miserable little thing—that poor little thief! I am, indeed! And I remember you so well. Such a boy, then! "You little Mag—you?" Ned cried.

"I," said Marguerite. "I took the note to Mr. Smith. He sent me to a sort of orphanage in the country, where they taught me to read and distinguish right from wrong. One day dear Mrs. Rawdon came here. She had lost a little daughter, and God put it into her heart to adopt me. She had me christened Marguerite. I remember I was so proud of the pretty name, and since then I have been very happy. Soon I found out that you were Fanny's brother, for I had asked for your note to remember you by, and keep it still. I have not told Fanny, but I could not deceive you. Perhaps you could not say what you have said just now to one you knew to have been a little thief."

She paused, tears in her blue eyes, and Ned sat looking at her earnestly.

"A little thief!" he cried. "Why, so you are—a little thief that has stolen my very heart away. But kiss me, Mag, and keep it."

And so Marguerite and Edward were married on the same day that saw Fanny and John made one, and no one knows why Ned's pet name for his wife is such an odd one—"Little Thief."—[Fashion Bazar.]

A TOUGH CUSTOMER.

A Character Sketch from the Backwoods of Eastern Kentucky.

A young Methodist minister, lately equipped for business in his line, took a trip on horse-back through Eastern Kentucky in search of a place from which he could distribute spiritual food to the best advantage, when he encountered an old fellow in a field near the road digging potatoes.

"Good morning, old gentleman," spoke the young minister with a pious smile.

"It's not sich a very good mornin'," was the reply, "but I guess it'll do ter say how dy."

"Where do you live, old gentleman?"

"Don't yer see me?"

"Yes."

"Well, I'm livin' at present where ye see me standin'."

"How far is it to the nearest church house?"

"Donno—never measured it from whar yer standin'."

"Are there a good many church members in this neighborhood now?"

"Donno."

"Why don't you?"

"Cause ther is a big-to-do at Gainesville to-day, an the people, may mostly be thar. I ain't been over the neighborhood this mornin' in search uv church folks."

"Who are your local preachers here?"

"Thar ain't no preachers har 'thout yer own."

"I mean, who is preaching at the Mt. Vernon church at present?"

"No one's preachin' thar at present that I know of. Never heard of no 'pointments for terday."

"Do you belong to the church?"

"Noap. I don't belong ter nuthin' 'thout it's my ole woman."

"You've got a wife?"

"I had one when I left home this mornin', but she may have slipped off by this time."

"Do you ever study about your immortal destiny?"

"My what?"

"Do you ever reflect on that part of you that will live forever?"

"Hardly ever. It's this ere part right har (putting his stomach) that bothers me awful ter see after."

"Would you join me in helping build up a church here?"

"Noap. I've got a cow-shed an' a hog-pen ter build purty soon. I'll tell you though, stranger, what I'd be mighty glad ter join ye in."

"What's that?" eagerly returned the preacher.

"I'd join ye in takin' a snort of good red liquor if ye've got any left in them ar saddle-bags."

"Good-day, Sir," was the indignant rejoinder.

"It's a tolerble like good day!"—[The Epoch.]

The Frog and the Farmer.

A Frog who dwelt in a Puddle close by the house of a Farmer one evening overheard the Agriculturist vigorously Praising the Notes of a Nightingale which sang from a tree near by.

"Loves Music, eh?" queried the Frog of himself. "Well, being as he is a good Man and seems to be Built that Way, I'll do my Best to make him Happy."

The Frog had not been singing over two minutes when the Farmer came down to the Puddle with a big Tomato, and nearly knocked his head off and yelled:

"If you don't shut up I'll fire the whole garden at you."

"Alas! but is this my Reward for Seeking to Make you Happy!" wailed the Frog, as he looked around for the Arnie bottle to Bathe his Head.

Moral: "You must learn," replied the Farmer, as he turned away, "that while there may be no great difference between the notes of the Nightingale and the Voice of the Frog, Man has been granted the Privilege of Choosing Which he shall Listen to."—[New York World.]

A TERRIFYING SUBJECT.

Blinks—I saw a man turn pale and tremble to-day at the mention of the American Navy.

Klinks—Eh? Was he a foreigner?

Blinks—No; he belongs to the marines and he can't swim.—[Good News.]

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SACRAMENT SUNDAY AT THE TABERNACLE.

The Lowly Surroundings of the Advent and the Signs in the Heavens—Details of Christ's Separate Walks from Bethlehem to Calvary.

The March of Christ.

The services on Sacrament Sunday at the Brooklyn Tabernacle were very solemn and impressive. Dr. Talmage's discourse was on "The March of Christ Through the Centuries," and his text Revelation xix. 12: "On his head were many crowns."

May your ears be alert and your thoughts concentrated, and all the powers of your soul aroused, while I speak to you of "the march of Christ through the centuries." You say, "Give us, then, a good start, in rooms of vermilion and on floor of mosaic, and amid corridors of porphyry, and under canopies dyed in all the splendors of the setting sun." You can have no such starting place. At the time our Chieftain was born there were castles on the beach of Galilee, and palaces at Jerusalem, and Imperial bath-rooms at Jericho, and obelisks at Cairo, and the Pantheon at Rome, with its Corinthian portico and its sixteen granite columns; and the Pantheon at Athens, with its glistening coronet of temples; and there were mountains of fine architecture in many parts of the world. But none of them were to be the starting place of the Chieftain I celebrate.

A cow's stall, a winter month, an atmosphere in which are the moan of camels, and the barking of sheep, and the rough banter of hostlers. He took his first journey before he could walk. Armed desperadoes with hands of blood were ready to snatch him down into butchery. Rev. William H. Thompson, the veteran and beloved missionary, whom I saw this last month in Denver, in his eighty-sixth year, has described, in his volume entitled "The Land and the Book," Bethlehem as he saw it. Winter before last I walked up and down the gray hills of Jura limestone on which the village now rests.

The fact that King David had been born there had not during ages elevated the village into any special attention. The other fact that it was the birth-place of our Chieftain did not keep the place in after years from special dishonor, for Hadrian built there the Grove of Adonis and for one hundred and eighty years the religion there observed was the most abhorrent debauchery the world has ever seen. Our Chieftain was considered dangerous from the start. The world had put suspicious eyes upon him because at the time of his birth, the astrologers had seen stellar commotions, a world out of its place and shooting down toward a caravansary. Star divination was a science. As late as the eighteenth century it had its votaries.

At the court of Catharine de Medici it was honored. Kepler, one of the wisest philosophers that the world ever saw, declared it was a true science.

As late as the reign of Charles II., Lilly, an astrologer, was called before the House of Commons in England to give his opinion as to future events. For ages the bright appearance of Mars meant war; of Jupiter, meant power; of the Pleiades, meant storms at sea. And as history moves in circles, I do not know but that after awhile it may be found that as the moon lifts the tides of the sea and the sun affects the growth or blasting of crops, other worlds besides the two worlds may have something to do with the destiny of individuals and nations in this world.

I do not wonder that the commotions in the heavens excited the wise men on the night our Chieftain was born. As he came from another world and after thirty-three years was again to exchange worlds, it does not seem strange to me that astronomy should have felt the effect of his coming. And instead of being unbelieving about the one star that stooped, I wonder that all the worlds in the heavens did not that Christmas night make some special demonstration. Why should they leave to one world or meteor the bearing of the news of the humanization of Christ? Where was Mars that it did not indicate the mighty wars that were to come between righteousness and iniquity? Where was Jupiter that night that it did not celebrate omnipotence incarnated? Where were the Pleiades that night that they did not announce the storms of persecution that would assail our Chieftain?

In watching this march of Christ through the centuries, we must not walk before him or beside him, for that would be reverential or worshipful. So we walk behind him. We follow him who is not yet in his teens, up a Jerusalem terrace, to a building six hundred feet long and six hundred feet wide, and under the hovering splendor of gateways, and by a pillar crowned with capital chased into the shape of flowers and leaves, and along by walls of beveled masonry and near a marble screen until a group of white-haired philosophers and theologians gather around him, and then the boy bewilders and confounds and overwhelms these scholarly septuagenarians with questions they cannot answer, and under his quick whys and wherefores and hows and whens they pull their white beards with embarrassment, and rub their wrinkled foreheads in confusion, and putting their staff hard down on the marble floor as they arise to go, they must feel like chiding the boldness that allows twelve years of age to ask seventy-five years of age such puzzles.

Out of this building we follow him into the Quarantania, the mountain of temptation, its side to this day black with robbers' dens. Look! Up the side of this mountain come all the forces of perdition to effect our Chieftain's capture. But although weakened by forty days and forty nights of abstinence, he hurls all pandemonium down the rocks, suggestive of how he can hurl into helplessness all our temptations.

And now we climb right after him up the tough sides of the "Mount of Beatitudes," and on the highest pulpit of rocks, the valley of Hatin before him; the Lake of Galilee to the right of him; the Mediterranean Sea to the left of him, and he preaches a sermon that yet will transform the world with its applied sentiment. Now we follow our Chieftain on Lake Galilee. We must keep to the beach, for our feet are not shod with the supernatural, and we remember what poor work Peter made of it when he tried to walk the water.

Christ our leader is on the top of the tossing waves, and it is about half-past three in the morning, and it is the darkest time just before daybreak. But by the flashes of lightning we see him putting his feet on the crest of the wave, stepping from crest to crest, walking the white surf, solid as though it were

frozen snow. The sailor thinks a ghost is striding the tempest, but he cheers them into placidity, showing himself to be a great Christ for sailors. And he walks the Atlantic and Pacific and Mediterranean and Adriatic now, and if exhausted and affrighted voyagers will listen for his voice at half past three o'clock in the morning on any sea, indeed at any hour, they will hear his voice of compassion and encouragement.

We continue to follow our Chieftain, and here is a blind man by the wayside. It is not from cataract of the eye or from ophthalmia, the eye extinguisher of the East, but he was born blind. "Be opened," he cries, and first there is a smarting of the eyelids, and then a twilight, and then a noonday, and then a shout. "I see! I see!" Tell it to all the blind, and they at least can appreciate it. And here is the widow's dead son, and here is the expired damsel, and here is Lazarus! "Live!" our Chieftain cries, and they live. Tell it through all the bereft households; tell it among the graves.

And here around him gather the deaf, and the dumb, and the sick, and at his word they turn on their couches and blush from awful pallor of helpless illness to rubicund health, and the swollen foot of the dropsical sufferer becomes fleet as a roe on the mountains. The music of the grove and household awakens the deaf ear, and lunatic and maniac return into bright intelligence, and the leper's breath becomes as sweet as the breath of a child, and the flesh as roseate. Tell it to all the sick, through all the homes, through all the hospitals. Tell it at twelve o'clock at night; tell it at two o'clock in the morning; tell it at half-past three, and in the last watch of the night, that Jesus walks the tempest.

Still we follow our Chieftain until the government that gave him no protection insists that he pay tax, and, too poor to raise the requisite two dollars and seventy-five cents, he orders Peter to catch a fish that has in its mouth a Roman state, which is a bright coin (and you know that fish naturally bite at anything bright), but it was a miracle that Peter should have caught it at the first haul.

Now we follow our Chieftain until, for the thirty sum of fifteen dollars, Judas sells him to his pursuers. Tell it to all the betrayed! If for ten thousand dollars, or for five hundred dollars, or for one hundred dollars your interests were sold out, consider for how much cheaper a sum the Lord of earth and heaven was surrendered to humiliation and death. But here, while following him on a spring night between 11 and 12 o'clock, we see the flash of torches and lanterns, and we hear the cry of a mob of nihilists. They are breaking in on the quietude of Gethsemane with clubs—like a mob with sticks—chasing a mad dog.

It is a herd of Jerusalem "roughs" led on by Judas to arrest Christ and punish him for being the love lost and best being that ever lived. But rioters are liable to assail the wrong man. How were they to be sure which one was Jesus? "I will kiss him," says Judas, "and by that signal you will know on whom to lay your hands of arrest." So the kiss which throughout the human race and for all time God intended as the most sacred demonstration of affection, for Paul writes to the Romans and the Corinthians and the Thessalonians concerning the "holy kiss," and Peter celebrates the kiss of charity, and with that conjunction of lips Laban met Jacob, and Joseph met his brethren, and Aaron met Moses, and Samuel met Saul, and Jonathan met David, and Orpah departed from Naomi, and Paul separated from his friends at Ephesus, and the father in the parable greeted the returning prodigal, and when the millennium shall come we are told righteousness and peace will kiss each other, and all the world is invited to greet Christ as inspiration cries out, "Kiss the Son lest he be angry and ye perish from the way"—that most sacred demonstration of reunion and affection was desecrated as the filthy lips of Judas touched the pure cheek of Christ, and the horrid smack of that kiss has its echo in the treachery and debasement and hypocrisy of all ages.

As, in December, 1889, I walked on the way from Bethany, and at the foot of Mount Olivet, a half mile from the wall of Jerusalem, through the Garden of Gethsemane, and under the eight venerable olive trees now standing, their pomological ancestors having been witnesses of the occurrences spoken of, the scene of horror and of crime came back to me until I shuddered with the historical reminiscence.

In fur her following our great Chieftain's march through the centuries, I find myself in a crowd in front of Herod's palace in Jerusalem, and on a movable platform placed upon a tessellated pavement Pontius Pilate sits. And as once a year a condemned criminal is pardoned, Pilate lets the people choose whether it shall be an assassin or our Chieftain, and they all cry out for the liberation of the assassin, thus declaring they prefer a murderer to the salvation of the world. Pilate took a basin of water in front of these people and tried to wash off the blood of this murderer from his hands, but he could not. They are still lifted, and I see them looming up through all the ages, eight fingers and two thumbs, standing out red with the carnage.

Still following our Chieftain, I ascend the hill which Gen. Gordon, the great English explorer and arborist, first made a clay model of. It is hard climbing for our Chieftain, for he has not only two heavy timbers to carry on his back, the upright and horizontal pieces of the cross, but he is suffering from exhaustion caused by lack of food, mountain chills, desert heats, whippings with elmwood rods, and years of maltreatment.

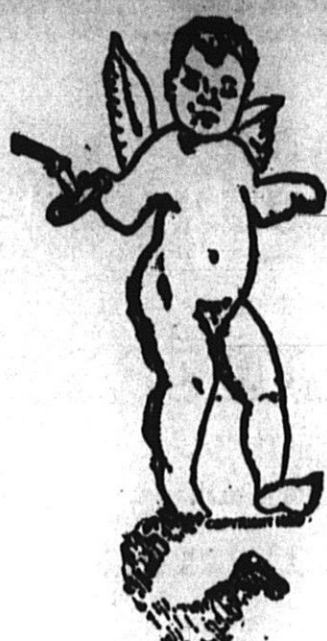
It took our party, in 1889, only fifteen minutes to climb to the top of the hill and reach that limestone rock in yonder wall, which I rolled down from the apex of Mount Calvary. But I think our Chieftain must have taken a long time for the ascent, for he had all earth and all heaven and all hell on his back as he climbed from base to summit, and there endured what William Cowper and John Milton and Charles Wesley and Isaac Watts and James Montgomery and all the other sacred poets have attempted to put in verse; and Angelo and Raphael and Titian and Leonardo da Vinci and all the great Italian and German and Spanish and French artists have attempted to paint; and Bossuet and Massillon and George Whitefield and Thomas Chalmers have attempted to preach.

Something of its overwhelming awfulness you may estimate from the fact that the sun which shines in the heavens could not endure it; the sun which unflinchingly looked upon the deluge that drowned the world, which, without blinking, looked upon the ruins of earthquakes which swallowed Lisbon and

Caracas, and has looked unblanched on the battlefields of Arbela, Blenheim, Megiddo and Edsraelon, and all the scenes of carnage that have ever scarred and drenched the earth with human gore—that sun could not look upon the scene. The sun dropped over its face a veil of cloud. It withdrew. It hid itself. It said to the midnight, "I resign to thee this spectacle upon which I have no strength to gaze; thou art blind, oh, midnight! and for that reason I commit to thee this tragedy!" Then the night-hawk and the bat flew by, and the jackal howled in the ravines.

Now we follow our Chieftain as they carry his limp and lacerated form amid the flowers and trees of a garden, the gladioluses, the oleanders, the lilies, the geraniums, the mandrakes, down five or six steps to a base of granite where he sleeps. But only a little while he sleeps there, for there is an earthquake in all that region, leaving the rocks to this day in their aslant and ruptured state declarative of the fact that a smething extraordinary there happened. And we see our Chieftain arouse from his brief slumber and wrestle down the ruffian Death who would keep him imprisoned in that cavern and put both heels on the monster, and coming forth with a cry that will not cease to be echoed until on the great resurrection day the door of the last sepulcher shall be unlinked and flung clanging into the debris of demolished cemeteries.

Now we follow our Chieftain to the shoulder of Mount Olivet, and without wings he rises, the d's i'ples clutching for his robes too late to reach them, and across the great gulfs of space with one bound he gains that world which for thirty-three years had been denied his companionship, and all heaven lifted a shout of welcome as he entered, and of coronation as up to the mediatorial throne he mounted. It was the greatest day heaven had ever seen. They had him back again from tears, from wounds, from ills



"It makes me tired!"

People ask me—is marriage a failure? Of course 'taint; 'spose I don't know my biz—what am I here for? If the women only keep healthy they keep in good spirits and cupid is in demand. Let every enfeebled woman know this—there's a remedy that'll cure her, the proof's positive.

Here's the proof—if it doesn't do you good within reasonable time, report the fact to its makers and get your money back without a word—but you won't do it!

The remedy is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—and it has proved itself the right remedy in nearly every case of female weakness. It is not a miracle. It won't cure everything—but it has done more to build up enfeebled and broken-down women than any other medicine known.

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.



The Best Remedy III
In this world, says J. Hoffman of Syracuse, N. Y., is Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, because my son who was partially paralyzed three years ago and attacked by fits, has not had any symptoms of them since he took one bottle of the remedy. I most heartily thank for it.

Mr. Ernest Castleman, Effingham, Ill., informed us that he had been a sufferer from insomnia and "rushing of blood to the head" for weeks. He procured a bottle of Koenig's Nerve Tonic, took it according to directions, and found relief after having taken only about 12 doses; he speaks very highly of it.

CHATTERTON, Livingston Co., Ill., May, '99.
I admit that I am well satisfied with the effect of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, because it cured me entirely of the severe nervous troubles.

R. BOGGMANN.

FREE—A valuable book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.
This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5. Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

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WILL CURE
CHILDREN
OF CATARRH.
Apply Balm into each nostril.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

FOR OLD AND YOUNG.
Tutti's Liver Pills act so kindly on the child, the delicate female or infirm old one, as upon the vigorous man.

Tutti's Pills
give tone and strength to the weak stomach, bowels, kidneys and bladder.

PILES
ANAKESIN gives instant relief, and is an INFALLIBLE CURE FOR PILES. Price, 25¢ per box, or by mail, 35¢. Nameless from Address "ANAKESIN," Box 104, New York City.



"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME!"
They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, no tennis. Just think of it! One day I found a little book called "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Compound
conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent among women, and restores perfect health.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of \$1.00.

SIX STATES SHAKEN.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS FELT AT MANY POINTS.

Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Tennessee, Missouri and Kentucky Visited—People Flee to the Streets—Duration of the Disturbance from Ten Seconds to One Minute.

The Earth Trembled.

Three almost continuous vibrations of an earthquake, oscillating from east to west, were felt one night recently in parts of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, and Kentucky. At St. Louis the shock was quite severe, and buildings were shaken violently. People were aroused by the disturbance and rushed in terror, half-clad, to the street. It is said by many that the shock felt there was similar to that experienced on the night of the memorable Charleston disaster. The shock lasted two minutes. Considerable crockery and glassware was demolished, and some wooden stables on the outskirts of the city toppled over. Buildings facing the north and south were visibly affected by the shock.

The shock was distinctly felt at Indianapolis, and while reports as to its duration differ the best information says it lasted at least eight seconds.

Louisville, Ky., had a good shaking, and, although no serious damage was done, it caused considerable excitement all over the city. The bell in the City Hall tower was rung by the vibrations of the building, and the watchman in the tower thought his last hour had come. At the Galt House and other hotels the bells were rung, water-pit hoppers were overturned in the upper stories, and guests came hurrying down-stairs in a panic, it requiring much persuasion to induce the more timid to return to their quarters. Several drug stores suffered a slight loss from broken bottles and prematurely mixed drugs.

In the residence part of the city the shock caused much alarm, the people rushing into the street, and when the shock subsided formed long ranks of excited groups anxiously discussing the probabilities of a recurrence of the quake. No casualties occurred anywhere in the city, and no damage of consequence was suffered by buildings. The vibrations were from east to west, and lasted only a few seconds.

Three separate shocks were plainly felt at Keokuk, Iowa. They followed closely upon each other, and the vibration lasted fully one minute in each case. The direction appeared to be from southeast to northwest, and suspended electric lights swayed sharply. No damage was done. The shock appears to have been general throughout South-eastern Iowa.

At Evansville, Ind., one prolonged shock was felt. No damage was done, but general fright ensued.

BROUGHT DOWN A NICE RAIN.

Rain-Makers Bag a Heavy Shower in Texas with 14 Three Shots.

The rain-makers have made their first experiment at Corpus Christi, Tex., and it was a complete success. Broken, cumulus clouds had been floating overhead all the morning, and at 6 p. m. Messrs. Ellis, Castor, and Fairchild entered a carriage and drove out of town, accompanied by County Engineer Gunter, who represented the citizens' committee. The party carried two boxes in the carriage, containing two mortars and a dozen twenty-one pound bombs. When the outskirts of the town were reached the mortars were unpacked and set upon a small hill. Three rounds were fired, four shells being exploded at each volley, while broken clouds were passing overhead. No rain was falling anywhere in the vicinity when the firing was begun, but after every report a sharp shower fell, and as the clouds passed away to the southwest the rain was seen to be falling in torrents over a limited area. By the time the last shot was fired the party were drenched and returned to the hotel. The rain could be seen spreading out to the southwest, and in forty minutes a heavy rain was falling, which was general over the entire city and continued for half an hour.

DEATH IN FLAMES.

Father and Son Perish in a Prairie Fire.

George W. John and his son, who lived near Beaver Creek, N. D., were burned to death by the great Emmons County prairie fires. They had gone to put a head fire out, when the huge flames, leaping high as the house tops, swept over them, leaving burned and disfigured corpses. Mr. Tabor, an elderly gentleman living near Williamsport, is seriously burned and will probably die. No further news can be learned from the Holland settlement, thirty-five miles south of Williamsport. Three men are known to have perished in that vicinity. The amount of damage done in the Holland settlement cannot be learned, but it is safe to say it will not be far from \$50,000. One man at Winona, twenty miles from Williamsport, a Mr. Pratt, lost forty-five steers, which were overtaken by the fire and burned to death. Another fire raged on South Prairie and burned out Messrs. Fosbuck, Mahoney, Hesholy, Houstain, and Parker.

COLLIDED WITH AN OIL CAR.

Two Railroad Men Meet a Horrible Death—Another Fearfully Burned.

At Fargo, N. D., an oil car standing on a sidetrack was set in motion by a switching train and started on a down grade. The oil car dashed on and collided with the engine of an incoming stock train with terrific force. In an instant the oil was ablaze, and the engine plowed through the flaming mass. Engineer J. J. Curtis, Fireman F. G. and Brakeman Lenton were instantly enveloped in flames. They all three jumped and tried to smother the flames in the grass. Dodge was literally roasted to death on the spot, while Curtis died shortly afterward. Benton lost both eyes and was otherwise badly burned.

SCOTT COUNTY, Kansas, has but one physician, and he has had to give up for lack of business, the atmosphere being so pure and the people so healthy that there is not enough for him to do in a population of 1,200.

To POLISH deer horns, scrub them with a brush and sand to take off the dirt and loose fiber, then polish with rouge and rotten stone and a cloth, and varnish with copal varnish.—Scientific American.

PRESUMPTION is our natural and original disease.

VAST SEA OF FLAME.

FRIGHTFUL DEVASTATION IN THE NORTHWEST.

Millions of Feet of Standing Timber Burned in Minnesota—Duluth in Semi-Darkness and the Fog Horn Necessary to Guide Vessels.

Finlayson's Night of Terror.

Away from the scene of devastation by fire in the Northwest the situation has been but little understood. Ninety-four in the shade, 113 in the sun, was the torrid tale told by Twin City thermometers. The public schools were closed for a week. It has been hard work to check the fires in forests and fields, and they are still burning, in many places furiously. The greatest damage so far reported is at Bradley, Dak., the business portion of the little town being speedily reduced to ashes. The total loss is figured at \$60,000, almost wholly uninsured. Not a single business house remains. The buildings burned were one, bank, one church, one hotel, several general stores with all their stock, and two or three dwellings. The country adjacent to Bradley is said to have been almost entirely devastated over an area twelve miles wide by twenty-five long, the destruction being almost entire to crops and farm property.

The fires in North Dakota are pretty well under control, except around Oakes, where several miles of wheat fields are reported burned over. Otto Fredericks, engaged in playing a fire-break, was overtaken and burned to death, together with his team.

Finlayson, Minn., had a night of terror. The village was thrown into the wildest state of excitement by the report that a windstorm was driving a forest fire directly toward the town, and complete destruction was threatened. The news had scarcely reached the citizens before the smoke and smell of burning pine trees came on the wings of the wind. Telegrams were at once despatched to the officials of the St. Paul and Duluth Road to stop the limited train going east at Finlayson and hold it until the women and children of the town could be sent away. This was done and the train was held until the weaker ones of all the families were placed aboard and sent down the road.

The flames had reached the outskirts of the village, and the male members of the families commenced the work of saving the buildings. All night long they battled with the flames, and, aided by the cessation of the wind, were finally successful. The fires around Pine City have been quenched.

At Hinckley, Minn., also, the fire company and citizens did battle with the fierce fires. Scorched by the flames and suffocated in the blinding smoke, they have fought an entire day for their homes. The wind subsided and the fires died down, but again a stiff breeze, which soon blew into a gale, sprung up in the southeast and fanned the smoldering fire into fierce life. The inmates of the Lammers lumber camp escaped by getting in the river and staying there all night. A party of six men started from one of the Brennan Lumber Company camps to go to another about two miles away. Can Sullivan, his brother, of Mora, and Tom Johnson, of Eau Claire, were of this party. After going a short way they got in front of the fire and Dan Sullivan, missing his brother, went back with Johnson to look for him. That was the last seen of them till their remains were found by John Brodie and their campmates. The bodies were lying about twenty-four feet apart. Sullivan was burnt to a crisp, but Johnson's body was only badly scorched.

Fine ashes and burned leaves fell in a shower over Duluth, while the sky was so colored and the sun so obscured that the Government fog whistle at the harbor mouth was forced to blow to guide in vessels. East, toward Ashland, fires are doing immense damage to settlers and crops, besides wiping out vast quantities of standing pine. The intensely hot weather has made the wooded regions like tinder. The range of the fires is toward Ashland, and their progress is aided by the fact that a week ago a heavy wind blew down much timber, the foliage of which has now dried out sufficiently to aid the flames.

Passengers arriving in Duluth from the south say that all along the line of the St. Paul and Duluth Road fires are raging and great damage has been done to the towns of Barnum, Mahtowa, Sturgeon Lake and Kettle River. In the standing timber near the railway on the line of the Eastern Minnesota, north of Hinckley, considerable valuable timber has been ruined and fires are still raging.

On the Northern Pacific, east toward Ashland, fires are doing immense damage to settlers and crops, besides wiping out vast quantities of standing pine. Near Iron River, thirty miles east of Duluth, where there are many settlers, they are losing valuable property while working hard to save their houses.

The fire destroyed several hundred acres of grain near Nicholson, N. D. The heaviest losers are W. Cram and John Sweetman. A man and boy whose names are unknown were fatally burned while plowing a fire-break. The four horses they were using were also burned. The fire caught from a "Soo" freight train.

A large area of South Dakota, after days of sweltering heat and fire fighting, was visited by a soaking rain which brought relief to people almost in the last stages of exhaustion.

SEVEN HUNDRED DEATHS.

Terrible Results of an Epidemic of Dysentery in Ohio.

A landslide near Togiro buried twenty workmen, of whom four perished. At Vancouver, B. C., the steamship Empress of China arrived from Hongkong and brings the following advices: In the Otta Prefecture of Japan 3,000 cases of dysentery are reported, with 700 deaths.

During the celebration of the feast of lanterns at Jokotecho, Akita Prefecture, a bridge fell, owing to the pressure of the throng, and more than 100 persons were precipitated into the water. Over twenty were injured and several lives were lost.

J. A. Leonard, United States Consul General at Shanghai, telegraphed Admiral Belknap, saying: "A Shanghai morning paper has a telegram received last night, saying there was a riot at Ichang. The mission and all foreign property was burned. No lives were lost." Admiral Belknap sent immediately the Alliance and Palos to Yangtze.

A special telegram to the Japan Mail says: "A riot occurred at Ichang. All foreigners' property at the port was burned, but no lives were lost. The foreign residents are under arms."

The Health of Our Women.

No woman admits that tight lacing injures her; it is some other woman. The worship of fashion has become so intense, and the appearance of a rival's shape arouses such a spirit of emulation, that our women continue to squeeze themselves in steel bands to such a degree that the functions of the body cannot go on normally; and the long train of ill-tight-lacers know so well, but the warnings of which they will not heed, follows, ending in slow disease and final wreck. Experience seems to teach the sufferers but little, and the mothers are as ignorant as the daughters. Health is sacrificed for a spider's waist. Scientific doctors have been preaching against these evils time out of mind, but the headway against them is slow. The academies and colleges for women, however, are getting to be more alive to the importance of the pupil's health. The better class of institutions are equipped with gymnasiums and provided with swimming pools and other means for developing the body and preventing the health from breaking down. Tennis and other outdoor games are growing in favor. For a girl nothing can take the place of exercise in the open air; not merely a walk of a few blocks, but a good "constitutional" at a swinging gait, and that, too, without much reference to the weather. The girls of today will in a few years be mothers. The law of heredity is inexorable. Strong, healthy men and finely developed, handsome women are not born of sickly, weak parents, whose blood, perhaps, suffers from the poison that can be traced back generations. Health is beauty, said the old Greeks who lived in the open air, and beauty is health.—Baltimore American.

Pepsin Is No Use.

While I was talking to a druggist this morning a man came in and bought a package of "pepsin chewing gum," which is advertised as containing enough pepsin to digest 1,000 grains of food.

"Got the indigestion," remarked the man, as he paid the nickel.

"There's another delusion," said the druggist. "That man believes that this chewing gum will cure him. It will do nothing of the sort. Pepsin won't help anybody's stomach. People overeat and tire out their digestive organs, and then blame their stomachs for not providing enough pepsin, when the fact is that they have in their systems all the pepsin they require. Then other people drink too much liquor, use up the nerves of their stomachs, and—take pepsin. The pepsin doesn't do any good, but if they take a rest and live on plain food and little of it, they recover and—praise pepsin. I tell you pepsin is wholly useless for stomach troubles."

"But the pepsin in the gum he bought won't do him any injury, will it?" I asked.

"There isn't any pepsin in it"—Chicago Post.

Vapor Poison and Its Antidote.

The morning and evening mists that pervade the atmosphere of malarious localities cannot be breathed with impunity. A safeguard is needed to render harmless the dangerous mists with which they are impregnated. The surest, safest defense is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is an antidote to the poison which has already been inhaled and borne fruit, an adequate preventive of its harmful effects. No preparative for breathers of malarious air or drinkers of malaria-poisoned water like the Bitters. It completely neutralizes the otherwise irresistible onset of the aerial foe. Settlers on newly cleared land, excavators of canal routes notably that on the Isthmus of Panama, Western pioneers and emigrants—in short, all subjected to malarial influences in air or water—find in it a benign remedy, an effectual safeguard. Disorders of the stomach, liver, and bowels, "the grippe," rheumatism, and kidney complaints are remedied by the Bitters.

A Good Man to Watch.

The man who laughs without opening his mouth is like the man who looks at you with his eyes half closed, a good man to watch. He may be a perfectly reputable citizen, an honest man, a good neighbor, and have many excellent qualities, but he is of a profoundly secretive disposition, will not take you into his confidence unless he has use for you and will cast you aside as soon as you have served his purpose. He may be capable of friendship, but he will never allow his friendship to interfere with his plans or business. He is cool, calculating, and if he has generous impulses will keep them under control. He is a bad man to offend for he never forgets an injury, and will wait twenty years for a chance to get even.

GUESS HE COULD.—It is said that if an ordinary man was muscled like a flea he could throw a tramp two miles. People who use Dr. White's Dandelion do not become strung as Samson nor quite as old as Methuselah, but this great medicine has performed many wonderful cures, and brought joy and sunshine to many a home.

FROM OREGON comes the queer story that a 5-year-old child at Eugene grows faster on one side than on the other, without any apparent cause. Physicians there are reported to be highly interested in the case.

M. L. THOMPSON & CO., Druggists, Condorport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

THE Fike's Peak Railroad is now in successful operation. The lower terminus of the line is 6,840 feet above sea level and the upper 14,447. The distance is nine miles.

THE best cough medicine is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Sold everywhere, 25c.

THE somersault artists in the circus take turns in their work.

FITZ.—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Free trial bottle free to all cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 161 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

IN 15 MINUTES.

I suffered severely with face neuralgia, but in 15 minutes after application of ST. JACOBS OIL was asleep; have not been troubled with it since.

No return since 1882. F. B. ADAMS, Perry, Mo.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

Commendable.

All claims not consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the Cal. Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, but it is not a cure-all and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

A SIMPLE rule for determining the width and thickness of rubber belting required to transmit a certain power may be found from the following formula: $h \times p$ multiplied by 135 and divided by speed in feet per minute, will equal the cross sectional area of the belt in square inches; from this it is a very easy matter to ascertain the width and thickness.—The Stationery Engineer.

The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper this week which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPH, or SAMPLES FREE.

A THUNDERSTORM in hot weather travels at the average rate of thirty miles an hour.

How's Your Liver

If sluggish and painful, invigorate it to healthy action by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10c's, 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, Price 25 cts.

DONALD KENNEDY Of Roxbury, Mass., says

Kennedy's Medical Discovery cures Horrid Old Sores, Deep Seated Ulcers of 40 years' standing, Inward Tumors, and every disease of the skin, except Thunder Humor, and Cancer that has taken root. Price \$1.50. Sold by every Druggist in the U. S. and Canada.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

CURES AND PREVENTS Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Frostbites, Chills, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN. Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is the Only PAIN REMEDY.

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other fluids or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Croup, Spasms, Sore Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Arue and all other Malarious illnesses and other fevers, either by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, or any other medicine.

Send down on clean piece white blotting paper, with age, sex, occupation. Microscopic magnifying glass times. I send free particular case magnifying glass times. I send free particular case magnifying glass times.

Send to Dr. Kline, 161 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

"August Flower"

For two years I suffered terribly with stomach trouble, and was for all that time under treatment by a physician. He finally, after trying everything, said stomach was about worn out, and that I would have to cease eating solid food for a time at least. I was so weak that I could not work. Finally on the recommendation of a friend who had used your preparations

A worn-out with beneficial results, I procured a bottle of August Flower, and commenced using it. It seemed to do me good at once. I gained in strength and flesh rapidly; my appetite became good, and I suffered no bad effects from what I ate. I feel now like a new man, and consider that August Flower has entirely cured me of Dyspepsia in its worst form. JAMES E. DEDRICK, Saugerties, New York.

W. B. Utsey, St. George's, S. C., writes: I have used your August Flower for Dyspepsia and find it an excellent remedy.

An Unprecedented Offer

For a BRIEF PERIOD ONLY.

Desirable and Valuable—Useful and Necessary.

Ladies' Foster Lacing Gloves

(5-Pack).

On receipt of \$1.30 we will send

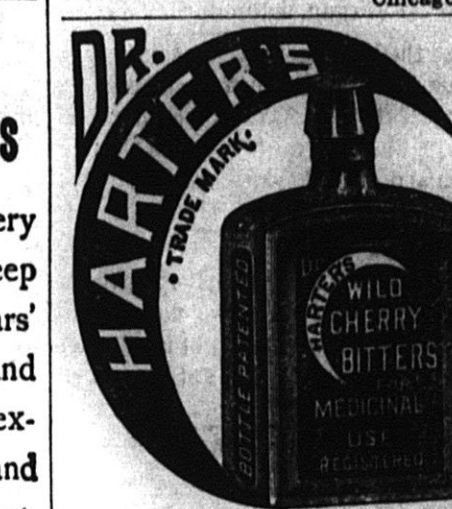
The Chicago Weekly Times

For one year, or for \$2.50 the Daily and Sunday Times 3 months, by mail, and MAKE A PRESENT to the subscriber of a pair of Ladies' Foster Lacing Gloves.

THE CHICAGO TIMES is known and recognized as the Leading Newspaper of the Great West. The paper alone is worth the price of subscription—ONE DOLLAR A YEAR—because subscribers secure a valuable premium for almost nothing.

In ordering state plainly the SIZE and the COLOR desired. Do not send postage stamps in payment. If you do not wish gloves, we will refund the price for the same price one of NEELY'S REVERSIBLE MAPS. This is a complete political history of our country, giving all the principal events from the time of Washington to the present time on one side and on the other the latest Rand McNally \$2.00 Maps. Address—

THE CHICAGO TIMES CO., Chicago.



RELIEVES all Stomach Distress. REMOVES Nausea, Sense of Fullness, CONSTIPATION, PAIN. REVIVES FAILING ENERGY. RESTORES Normal Circulation, WARMS TO THE TIPS.

DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

GOLD MEDAL PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO'S

Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed.

Is absolutely pure and it is soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has been used for three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with

Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily

digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Free to Printers

OUR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST OF PAPER STOCK, PRINTING MACHINERY AND PRINTERS' MATERIALS.

This useful book gives the sizes, weights and quality of the different varieties of paper, a fully required by newspaper and job printers offices, with prices for the same. It also contains a complete description of the various kinds of printing and machinery necessary in a well-regulated printing office, fully illustrated, together with prices of the same.

In addition to the above our catalogue shows carefully prepared estimates of the amount of material required for newspaper and job printing offices, ranging in price from \$200 to \$2,000.

This convenient catalogue will be sent to any address, postage paid, upon receipt of a request for the same, by the

CHICAGO NEWSPAPER UNION, Chicago, Ill.

LEWIS' 98 % LYE

Powdered and Perfumed.

(PATENTED)

The strongest and purest Lye made. Will make the best

permanently Hard Soap in 30 minutes without boiling. It is the

Best for softening water, removing grease, stains, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paint, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT-MFG. CO.

Gen. Agts., Phila., Pa.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED

Mrs. Alice Folke, Oregon, Mo., writes: My weight was 250 pounds, now it is 125.

Dr. W. B. BRYNDEL, 161 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

LOUIS RACER & CO. are the U.S. and

Canada's PATENT SOLICITORS

WANTED! MEN TO TRAVEL. We pay \$50

to \$100 a month and expenses.

STONE & WELLINGTON, Madison, Wis.

C. N. U.

ADVERTISERS

When writing to advertisers, please give the name of the advertisement in this paper.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

For the convenience of many of our city readers the NEWS office will be open Saturday evenings till 8 o'clock, to receive subscriptions.

The basement walls of the new bank block are up.

The organ playing contest at the fair promises to be an earnest one.

Thirteenth street takes the lead this summer in the number of new residences.

L. Beunwes has greatly improved his premises, corner Cedar and Thirteenth streets.

Another ferry across Grand River will be established, near Bass river, by Harm Bosch.

J. Van Landegend is placing a Bulard tubular furnace in the Grondwet and News printing house.

The dog poisoner was around once more this week and scored eight or ten victims, mostly third-warders.

The reports of the condition of our state bank, at the close of business, Sept. 25 1891, will be found elsewhere in this issue.

K. Schaddlee has bought the lot of Rev. P. Lepeltak, corner Market and Thirteenth street, graded it and built a fence around it.

Water pipes have been laid this week on Thirteenth street, from the city main on River street to the new residence of J. C. Post.

The attraction at Van der Veen's hardware store just now, is an exceedingly fine line of handsome heating stoves. Read the new adv.

At the Central Dental Parlors, Eighth street, the business has increased so they are running two chairs now. See special notices elsewhere.

Visitors at the Fair will do well to call at J. Spoon's, Thirteenth street, and examine the Climax Dress Cutter, so simple that a child can understand it in a few moments.

The C. & W. M. is having a 50,000 pound snow plow built in the shops at Muskegon, for use this winter, and it is to be as complete and effective as such a machine can be made.

Allegan Democrat: Six barrels of oil were shipped to Ohio last week, where it will be refined, and a practical test of the value and quality of the product around Allegan, determined.

In the Muskegon circuit court Wm. Cregg was awarded a verdict for \$7,193 against the C. & W. M., as damage. Cregg was run over by a car and lost an arm and was otherwise badly crippled in 1888.

Jennie the three years old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Van Den Berg, Seventh street, fell on the kitchen floor, Wednesday, and broke her right arm above the wrist. Dr. O. E. Yates reduced the fracture.

Word was received in this city the other day of the death of Nathan Albee, a former resident of this city. He was staying with his sister in western New York. While at work in the woods he cut his leg and bled to death before he was found.

Douglas Record: Atty. Padgham has gone to Lima, O., to see what has become of that great railroad of which we have heard so much about for the last three years. In the meantime the people of Benton Harbor are making arrangements to commence construction of the lake shore end of it.

The question is being asked why Holland should not have an ungraded evening school during the long winter evenings, for the benefit of the boys and young men that are employed during the day in our factories. The matter is worthy of consideration, and we respectfully refer it to the board of education.

Owing to the unprofitable season the schr. R. Kanters, Capt. Van Ry, has already laid up for the season. She came in port Monday, and began at once to strip. Lumber freights are unusually low this fall; \$1.37 being the highest rates they pay from Green Bay to Chicago, while wages are up to \$2.50 a day. Besides, steam is steadily crowding out small vessels, even boats of the size of the Kanters, carrying 200,000 feet, have had their day.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Correspondents will please mail their communications in time to reach us not later than Thursday noon.

Drenthe.

A heavy storm swept over this place Monday night, accompanied by a well needed shower of rain.

Benj. Stegink has again taken a place among the students of Hope College, after six years successful teaching in Salem and Jamestown. The number of students attending Hope from this district increases every year. Those that entered this year are Miss Heka Ensing and David Yntema. The medical students I. R. De Vries and Henry Poppen left for Ann Arbor Monday.

Miss Gerlie Van Dam is on the sick list.

Harm Lubbers is the owner of a horse 33 years old. The animal is still as lively as any horse around here.

G. Hunderman, an aged resident

here, who had the misfortune some time ago of breaking a leg, is once more moving about.

Olive Centre.

Monday evening a heavy west wind passed through here, snapping the large soft maple trees on the flats like pipe stems. No buildings were disturbed, as far as we can learn.

Hoyt Pierce is getting better and improving daily.

The fires of a week ago broke out again Sunday, and some of our people had to watch and fight to save their buildings. Fences were burned in every direction.

Henry Cheesman, one of our enterprising grangers, taking advantage of the Olive excursion, has gone to New York State, to visit his father.

New Holland.

Last week Thursday a two and a half year old child of M. Diepenhorst fell from a wagon loaded with wheat and was caught under the wheel, with the result that some ribs were broken. Dr. Van den Berg was called in to relieve the little sufferer.

Mrs. B. Van Hezel of Grand Rapids is enjoying a visit with Mrs. A. Wagenaar.

The furnace for the Ref. church has arrived, and is being placed in position.

The Zealand dentist will exhibit here Saturday evening, Oct. 3rd, at the store of A. Wagenaar, where he will extract teeth without pain and sell some of his celebrated medicine.

In response to a kind invitation the neighbors of M. P. Stegenga and wife turned out in large numbers Wednesday evening to congratulate them upon their new residence. Together they enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Port Sheldon.

Jack Frost has conquered at last and there was a heavy frost north of here, but everything is pretty well out of the way. Grain is all in and looking well.

Farmers around here are not in a great hurry to dig their potatoes, at present prices. A great many who put in large patches will make pork of them, unless there is a raise in prices.

Forest fires have been doing great havoc around here the past week. Sunday morning a running fire from section 27 burned down the small barn on the old John Joslyn place, belonging to H. Boone at present. About 11 o'clock Sunday night the wind commenced to blow a perfect gale and swept away 150 cords of wood, also belonging to H. Boone. Mr. J. Anys' people had to turn out, in order to save their mill. It is still dry, although we had a light shower on Monday night.

Your correspondent has lived in this section for ten years, and in that time there have been lost here along the shore of Lake Michigan several vessels: The Industry, Eva, Clara Parker, J. T. Davis, and others, whose names I do not remember. The latest was the wreck of the Little Harry. All of these might have been saved, if our government would only open the mouth of our harbor. There is not a finer harbor of refuge on the whole chain of lakes. Thousands of dollars are expended upon harbors where there is not one half the danger there is between Holland and Grand Haven. Once inside, and we have any depth of water, and an inland lake of one mile long and three-quarters of a mile wide, surrounded by high bluffs. True, we have to fine hotels here, where the officials can be dined and wine, or perhaps they would call around here too and bring the matter to the attention of the proper authorities. The trouble is, there is too much red tape required in this country, just as well as in the Old World, in connection with harbor improvements and life saving stations. These stations are intended for the benefit of the poor mariner, and should be located where they are most needed and not at summer resorts where crews can be drilled for the gratification of the "land lubbers". I speak of these things, as I am an old sea-faring man, and have watched these shores and know whereof I speak. I have been in every part of the globe where there are harbors and if our port was opened many vessels would gladly take it when caught in too close under the east shore.

PSEUDONYM.



GRANDMA
says it is 20 years since she made such good bread as this. She says
GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

is like the yeast she used to make herself, and she hopes she will never have to do without it again; and we all hope so, too.

Call for it at your Grocer's.
It is always good and always ready.

Farmer's Produce.

Highest cash price for all Country Produce. Potatoes and Apples a specialty.

Store, corner of River and Seventh streets, where I have built a new wagon scale, for the convenience of those that bring hay to market.

AT'S IN HARRINGTON.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 1. '91. 32-33
Working suits for \$5.00 at Wm. Brusse & Co.

Look Here!

Leave all your repair work with me: Promptly filled your orders will be.

Handsome goods at my store you'll find.

Useful and pleasing each of its kind;

Satisfaction guaranteed to ore and all.

Everything in price has taken a fall.

Now is the time at my new store to call.

RIVER ST. JEWELER.

Have a suit made to order at Brusse & Co. Pants from \$4.00 and Suits from \$16.00 and higher. 13-14

School Books

at
M. KIEKINTVELD.

We are always to the front with a full line of School Books and School Supplies for both city and district schools. Our stock of stationery, such as Slates, Tablets, Pencils, Pens etc., etc., is the largest and most complete ever yet shown in this city.

Remember that with every purchase you receive free of charge of the above stationery whatever you may desire, according to the quantity you buy. Having bought over

Two Thousand Slates

at an exceptionally low price we will give you the benefit of the same, selling them at a reduction of from 15 to 25 per cent from former prices.

Call and be Convinced.

H. Kiekintveld,

Manager.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 28, '91. 31tf

CITY WATER.

T. Van Landegend

LICENSED PLUMBER.

Store and Shop—Opposite Post Office.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Call on us for prices.

T. VAN LANDEGEND.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 28, 1891.

REMEMBER!

Baxter's Steam Laundry

Has a Branch Office at

WM. BRUSSE & CO'S.

Work received until Wednesday morning and finished at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, promptly.

And by the way,

BRUSSE & CO.

Are showing a fine line of

Gent's Furnishing Goods and Hats

in connection with their

Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Business!

We want a share of your trade and have no claim to offer except the merits of our goods; of which a steady growing trade is sufficient proof.

Give Us a Call.

Wm. Brusse & Co.

Holland, Mich., June 18, 1891.

7 ly

Given Away!

A Parachute given away with every \$3.00 purchase, at

WM. BRUSSE & CO.

Vitalized Air administered for the painless extraction of teeth, at the Central Dental Parlors.



HARDWARE

Full Line!

The attention of the Public is specially invited to the line of Cook Stoves, manufactured by the OHIO VALLEY STOVE CO., and of which the

"PRIDE ECLIPSE"

is a leading favorite.

PAINTS.

The celebrated Paints of Heath & Miligan are kept on hand, in all shades and colors.

CREOLITE,

A new substance for floor painting. Dries bone-hard in one night, is free from tack, and durable.

J. B. VAN OORT.

Holland, Mich., April 17, 1891.

NOTICE.

MICHIGAN FRUIT LINE.

The Steamer

KALAMAZOO,

has withdrawn from the Holland route. Arrangements have been made by which

Freight For Holland

will continue to be received at O'Connor's Dock, Chicago and delivered at its destination by the Saugatuck Boats, thus giving a

Daily Freight Service to Holland.

A Boat will take Passengers and Freight for Chicago from Pfanstiehl's dock, Holland, at 4 o'clock, p. m., and make connections with the Saugatuck Boats.

Fare to Saugatuck 50 cts.
Round Trip 75 cents.
From Saugatuck to Chicago \$1.50,
Round Trip \$2.50.

We take this occasion to thank the citizens of Holland for the liberal patronage accorded to the "Kalamazoo," and by giving good service we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

WALLACE B. GRIFFIN, Manager.

The Season.

We have received our new

FALL MILLINERY

Goods, and respectfully invite the Ladies of Holland and vicinity to give us a call.

Our Prices will be as Reasonable as Possible.

New Goods Constantly Received.

MISS DE VRIES & CO.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 17, 1891.

We're waiting for You.

And when you have examined our goods and the prices at which they are offered you will be our friend ever afterwards.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.

Larger Stock than ever before. Full line of Overcoats, Undervear, and Shirts. Plush Caps, latest styles.

The Goods are beautiful and marked at irresistible prices.

Call before purchasing elsewhere and you will be satisfied. We mean business.

Jonkman & Dykema,

Holland, Mich., Sept. 10, 1891.

H. Meyer & Son,

River Street, Holland, Mich.,

—+ DEALERS IN +—

Pianos, Organs,

AND SEWING MACHINES.

Pianos: A. B. CHASE, STERLING and BRAUMER.

Organs: UNITED STATES, LAKE SIDE, and FARRAND & VOLTEY.

Sewing Machines: STANDARD, DOMESTIC,

WHEELER & WILSON, and all the Leading Machines in the market

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS:

Banjos, Guitars, Violins

Music Boxes.

New Sewing Machines from \$20 and upwards.

Do You Want

Furniture, Carpets, Wallpaper etc.?

We Invite You to the Store of

RINCK & CO.,

Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

You will save money by buying your Goods there!

IN FURNITURE we can supply you with every article in that line.

IN CARPETS and WALL PAPER we carry the largest assortment in the city!

CHILDREN CARRIAGES we have in larger variety than ever before!

CHENILLE CURTAINS, LACE CURTAINS.

DECORATED SHADES of all the latest patterns.

WINDOW SHADES made in all sizes.

We carry a large assortment of PICTURE MOUNTINGS just received, and are ready to make FRAMES, to order of every size, and at prices that will suit all.

REPAIRING neatly done and at reasonable charges